

Neousys Technology Inc.

Nuvo-8108GC Series

User Manual

Revision 1.2

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Before installing any software, applications or components provided by a third party, customer should ensure that they are compatible and interoperable with Neousys Technology Inc. product by checking in advance with Neousys Technology Inc.. Customer is solely responsible for ensuring the compatibility and interoperability of the third party's products. Customer is further solely responsible for ensuring its systems, software, and data are adequately backed up as a precaution against possible failures, alternation, or loss.

For questions in regards to hardware/ software compatibility, customers should contact Neousys Technology Inc. sales representative or technical support.

To the extent permitted by applicable laws, Neousys Technology Inc. shall NOT be responsible for any interoperability or compatibility issues that may arise when (1) products, software, or options not certified and supported; (2) configurations not certified and supported are used; (3) parts intended for one system is installed in another system of different make or model.

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Declaration of Conformity

FCC

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at own expense.

CE

The product(s) described in this manual complies with all applicable European Union (CE) directives if it has a CE marking. For computer systems to remain CE compliant, only CE-compliant parts may be used. Maintaining CE compliance also requires proper cable and cabling techniques.

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	trademarks of their respective owners.

Safety Precautions

- Read these instructions carefully before you install, operate, or transport the system.
- Install the system or DIN rail associated with, at a sturdy location
- Install the power socket outlet near the system where it is easily accessible
- Secure each system module(s) using its retaining screws
- Place power cords and other connection cables away from foot traffic. Do not place items over power cords and make sure they do not rest against data cables
- Shutdown, disconnect all cables from the system and ground yourself before touching internal modules
- Ensure that the correct power range is being used before powering the device
- Should a module fail, arrange for a replacement as soon as possible to minimize down-time
- If the system is not going to be used for a long time, disconnect it from mains (power socket) to avoid transient over-voltage

Service and Maintenance

- ONLY qualified personnel should service the system
- Shutdown the system, disconnect the power cord and all other connections before servicing the system
- When replacing/ installing additional components (expansion card, memory module, etc.), insert them as gently as possible while assuring proper connector engagement

ESD Precautions

- Handle add-on module, motherboard by their retention screws or the module's frame/ heat sink. Avoid touching the PCB circuit board or add-on module connector pins
- Use a grounded wrist strap and an anti-static work pad to discharge static electricity when installing or maintaining the system
- Avoid dust, debris, carpets, plastic, vinyl and styrofoam in your work area.
- Do not remove any module or component from its anti-static bag before installation

About This Manual

This manual introduces Neousys Nuvo-8108GC series featuring Intel[®] 8th/ 9th Gen Core[™] i hexa/ octa core 35W/ 65W LGA1151 processors and an NVIDIA graphics card. The Nuvo-8108GC system supports a 250W NVIDIA[®] graphics card for advanced inference capabilities.

The guide also demonstrates the system's installation procedures.

VersionDateDescription1.0Apr. 2020Initial release1.1May. 2020Updated COM port specifications1.2Oct. 2020Updated CPU/ motherboard installation procedure

Revision History



1 Introduction

Nuvo-8108GC is rugged Edge AI platform with industrial-grade design and in-vehicle features. Designed specifically to support a high-end 250W NVIDIA® graphics card, it offers tremendous GPU power up to 14 TFLOPS in FP32 for emerging GPU-accelerated edge computing, such as autonomous driving, vision inspection and surveillance/ security.

Nuvo-8108GC is powered by Intel® Xeon® E or 9th/ 8th-Gen Core[™] 8-core/ 6-core CPUs coupled with workstation-grade Intel® C246 chipset to support up to 128 GB ECC or non-ECC DDR4 memory. The system incorporates one pat door 2.5" SATA and one hot-swappable 2.5" trays for easy HDD/ SSD replacement and an M.2 2280 NVMe socket for the ultimate



disk performance. Its front-accessible GbE and USB 3.1 Gen1/ Gen2 ports feature screw-lock mechanisms for securing cable connections. In addition to the x16 PCIe slots (8-lanes) for GPU installation, Nuvo-8108GC has other two x8 PCIe slots (4-lanes) and one x16 PCIe slot (8-lanes) for expansion cards to extend function sets like data collection, analytics and communication.

Nuvo-8108GC has a brand new power delivery design to accept 8~48V wide-range DC input and to handle heavy power requirements from 250W GPU. Along with built-in ignition control, it is feasible to deploy it on a vehicle and directly power it via the car's power system. Mechanical wise, Nuvo-8108GC incorporates Neousys' patented heat dissipation design, damping brackets and patent-pending GPU press bar, making it steady and rock-solid in various conditions. The Nuvo-8108GC is Neousys' response to the never-ending demand of TFLOPS in industrial GPU platforms. With industrial-grade power, thermal and mechanical design, it pushes versatile AI inference applications from laboratories to field applications, where reliability matters.

1.1 Product Specifications

1.1.1 Nuvo-8108GC Specifications

System Core			
	Supporting Intel® Xeon® E and 8 th / 9 th Gen CPU (LGA1151 socket)		
	Intel® Xeon® Processor E-2176G/ 2278GE (8C/16T) / 2278GEL (8C/16T)		
	Intel® Core™ i7-9700E/ i7-9700TE		
	Intel® Core™ i7-8700/ i7-8700T		
Processor	Intel® Core™ i5-9500E/ i5-9500TE		
	Intel® Core™ i5-8500/ i5-8500T		
	Intel® Core™ i3-9100E/ i3-9100TE		
	Intel® Core™ i3-8100/ i3-8100T		
Chipset	Intel® C246 platform controller hub		
	Independent GPU via x16 PEG port, or integrated Intel® UHD Graphics		
Graphics	630		
Memory	Up to 128 GB ECC/ non-ECC DDR4-2133 SDRAM (four SODIMM slots)		
AMT	Supports AMT 12.0		
ТРМ	Supports TPM 2.0		
I/O Interface			
Eth ann at	1x Gigabit Ethernet port by Intel® I219-LM		
Ethernet	1x Gigabit Ethernet port by Intel® I210-IT		
	1x VGA connector, supporting 1920 x 1200 resolution		
Native Video	1x DVI-D connector, supporting 1920 x 1200 resolution		
	1x DisplayPort connector, supporting 4096 x 2304 resolution		
Serial Port	2x software-programmable RS-232/ 422/ 485 ports (COM1/ COM2)		
	4x USB 3.1 Gen2 (10 Gbps) ports		
USB	4x USB 3.1 Gen1 (5 Gbps) ports		
	1x USB 2.0 ports (internal for dongle use)		
Audio	1x 3.5mm jack for speaker-output and microphone-input		
Storage Interfac	Storage Interface		
SATA	1x hot-swappable HDD tray for 2.5" HDD/ SSD installation		
	1x internal SATA port for 2.5" HDD/ SSD installation, supporting RAID 0/ 1		
M.2	1x M.2 2280 M key socket (PCIe Gen3 x4) for NVMe SSD or Intel® Optane		
	TM memory installation		
mSATA	2x full-size mSATA port (mux with mini-PCIe)		



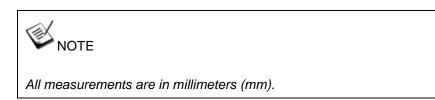
PCI Express	2x PCIe x16 slot@Gen3, 8-lanes
	2x PCIe x8 slots@Gen3, 4-lanes
M.2	1x M.2 2242 B key socket supporting dual SIM mode with selected
	M.2 LTE module
Mini-PCIe	2x full-size mini PCI Express socket
Power Supply	
DC Input	2x 4-pin pluggable terminal block for 8~48V DC input with ignition control
Mechanical	
Dimension	170 (W) x 202 (H) x 360 (D)
Weight	~ 5Kg
Mounting	Neousys' patented damping brackets (standard)
Environmental	
Operating	with 35W CPU and an NVIDIA® 250W GPU
temperature	-25°C ~ 60°C **
	with >= 65W CPU and an NVIDIA® 250W GPU
	-25°C ~ 60°C */ ** (configured as 35W TDP mode)
	-25°C ~ 50°C */ ** (configured as 65W TDP mode)
Storage	-40°C ~85°C
temperature	
Humidity	10%~90% , non-condensing
Vibration	Operating, MIL-STD-810G, Method 514.6, Category 4
Shock	Operating, MIL-STD-810G, Method 516.6, Procedure I, Table 516.6-II
* EMC	CE/FCC Class A, according to EN 55022 & EN 55024

* For i7-8700 and i7-9700E running at 65W mode, the highest operating temperature shall be limited to 50°C and thermal throttling may occur when sustained full-loading applied. Users can configure CPU power in BIOS to obtain higher operating temperature.

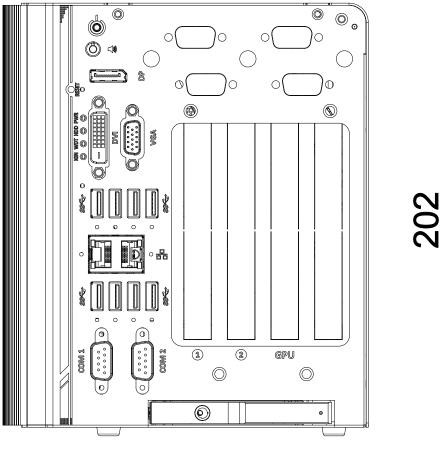
** For sub-zero operating temperature, a wide temperature HDD or SSD is required.



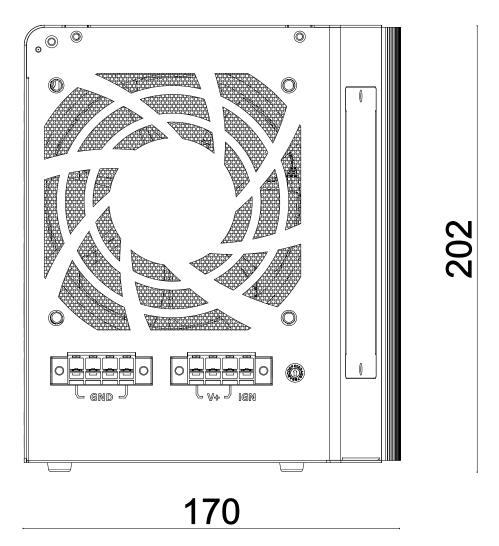
1.2 Nuvo-8108GC Dimension



1.2.1 Nuvo-8108GC I/O Panel View

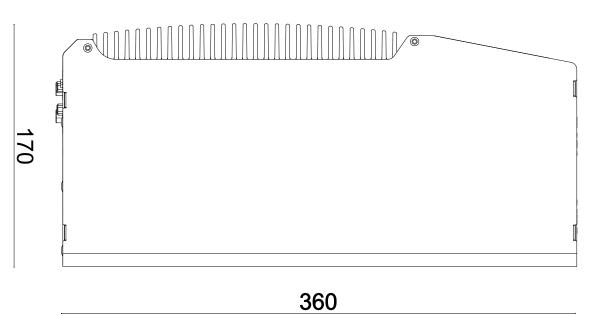


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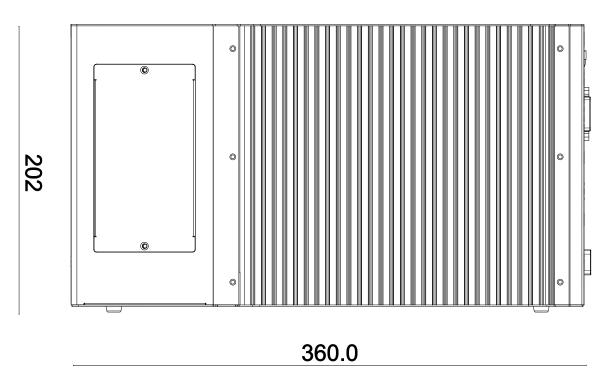


1.2.2 Nuvo-8108GC Ignition/ Dual 4-Pin Terminal Block Panel View

1.2.3 Nuvo-8108GC Top Panel View

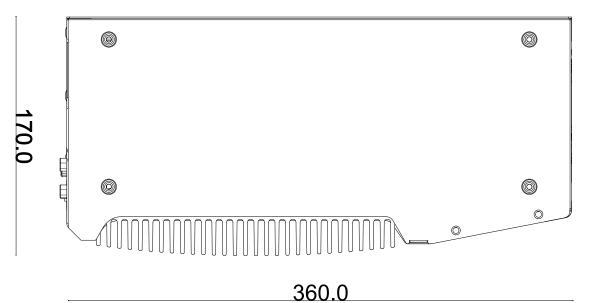


1.2.4 Nuvo-8108GC Heatsink Panel View

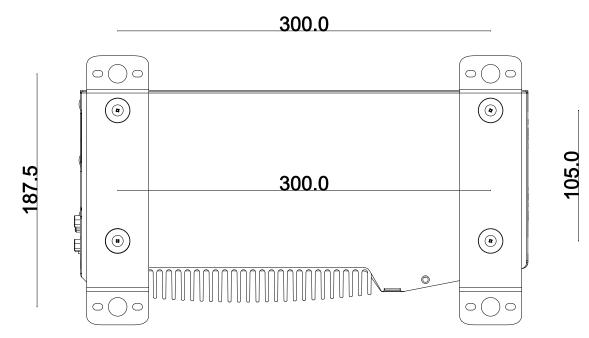




1.2.5 Nuvo-8108GC Bottom View



1.2.6 Nuvo-8108GC Wall-mount Dimension





2 System Overview

Upon receiving and unpacking your Nuvo-8108GC system, please check immediately if the package contains all the items listed in the following table. If any item(s) are missing or damaged, please contact your local dealer or Neousys Technology.

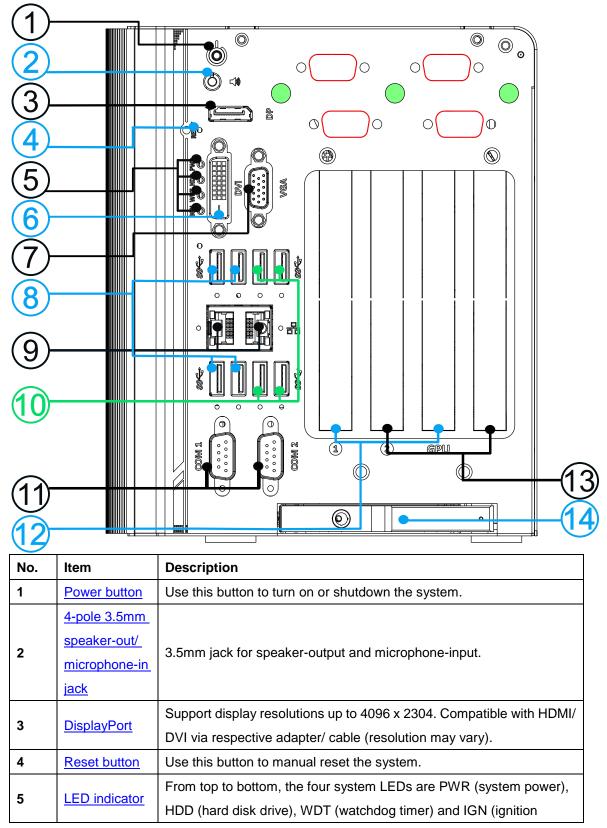
2.1 Nuvo-8108GC Packing List

System Pack	Nuvo-8108GC									
1	Nuvo-8108GC system (If you ordered CPU/ RAM/ HDD, please verify these items)									
	Accessory box, which contains									
	CPU bracket	1								
	Neousys drivers & utilities DVD	1								
	Wall-mount bracket	2								
	Foot pad	4								
	• 4-pin power terminal block	2								
2	 HDD thermal pad for 2.5" HDD/SSD (if HDD is not installed) 	1								
	Graphics card power cable									
	■ 6-pin to 6-pin	1								
	■ 6-pin to 8-pin	1								
	8-pin to 8-pin	1								
	Screw pack	1								
	Rubber spacer	4								



2.2 External I/O Panel

The Nuvo-8108GC I/O panel features Gen2/ Gen1 USB3.0, DisplayPort, DVI, VGA, dual Ethernet and COM ports.

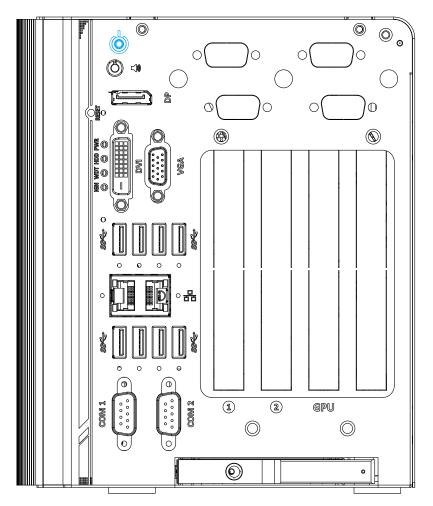




		control).						
c	D)/I port	DVI-D output supports resolution up to 1920x1200@60Hz and is						
6	<u>DVI port</u>	compatible with other digital connections via an adapter.						
7	VGA port	VGA output supports resolution up to 1920x1200@60Hz						
	USB 3.1 Gen2	USB3.1 Gen 2 port (SuperSpeed+) offers up to 10Gbps, twice the						
8		bandwidth over existing SuperSpeed USB3.1 Gen. 1 connection. It is						
	port	also backwards compatible with USB3.0 and USB2.0						
•	ChE nort	1x Gigabit Ethernet port by Intel® I219-LM						
9	<u>GbE port</u>	1x Gigabit Ethernet port by Intel® I210-IT						
10	USB 3.1 Gen1	USB3.1 Gen 1 offers up to 5Gbps of data-throughput performance						
10	port							
44		The software-selectable RS-232/422/485 ports. The operation mode						
11	COM port	of COM1 and COM2 can be set in BIOS.						
12	GPU slots	2x PCIe x16 slot @ Gen3, 8-lanes expansion slot						
13	PCIe slots	2x PCIe x8 slots @ Gen3, 4-lanes expansion slot						
	<u>2.5" HDD/</u>							
14	SSD slot	The HDD expansion tray offer hot-swap ability						
		Reserved antenna opening						
		Reserved DB9 connector opening						

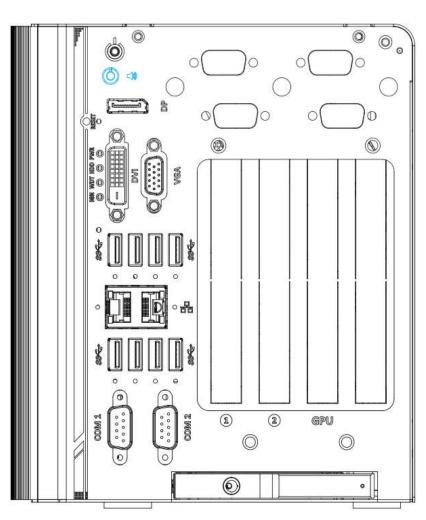


2.2.1 Power Button



The power button is a non-latched switch for ATX mode on/off operation. To turn on the system, press the power button and the PWR LED should light-up green. To turn off the system, issuing a shutdown command in OS is preferred, or you can simply press the power button. To force shutdown when the system freezes, press and hold the power button for 5 seconds. Please note that there is a 5-second interval between on/off operations (i.e. once the system is turned off, there is a 5-second wait before you can power-on the system).



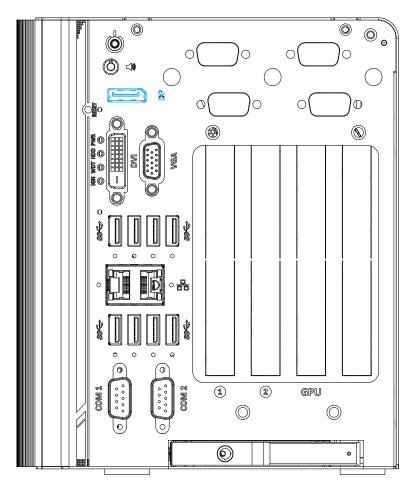


2.2.2 4-pole 3.5mm Speaker-out/ Microphone-in Jack

The system audio function uses high definition audio. There is a female 4-pole audio jack for headphone (speaker) output and microphone input. To utilize the audio function in Windows, you need to install corresponding drivers for both Intel[®] C246 chipset and audio device drivers.



2.2.3 DisplayPort



The DisplayPort (DP) output is a digital display interface that mainly connect video source and carry audio to a display device. When connecting a DP, it can deliver up to 4K UHD (4096 x 2304) in resolution. The system is designed to support passive DP adapter/ cable. You can connect to other display devices using DP-to-HDMI cable or DP-to-DVI cable.



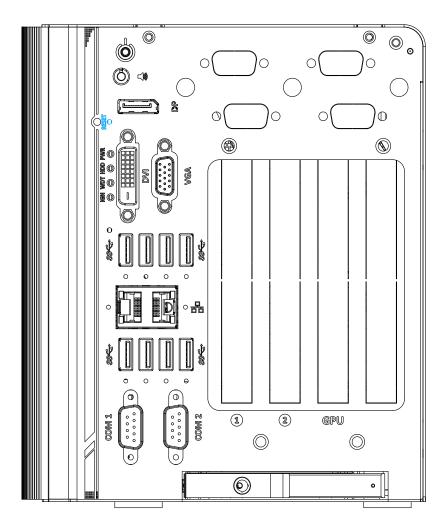
DP-to-HDMI

DP-to-DVI

The system supports triple independent display outputs by connecting display devices to VGA, DVI and DisplayPort connection. To support multiple display outputs and achieve best DisplayPort output resolution in Windows, you need to install corresponding graphics drivers. Please refer to section <u>OS Support and Driver Installation</u> for details.



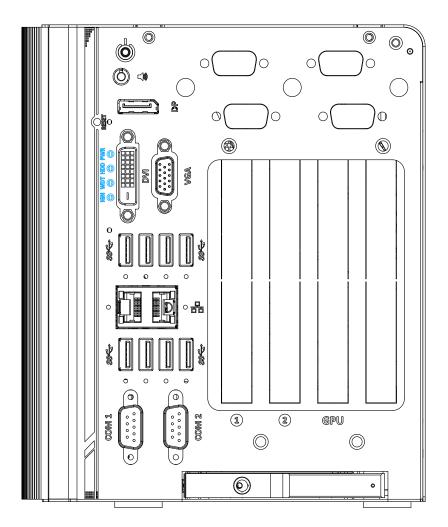
2.2.4 Reset Button



The reset button is used to manually reset the system in case of system halt or malfunction. To avoid unexpected reset, the button is purposely placed behind the panel. To reset, please use a pin-like object (eg. tip of a pen) to access the reset button.



2.2.5 LED Indicators

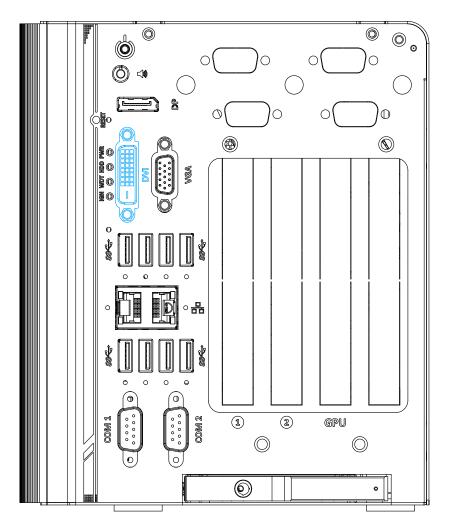


There are four LED indicators on the I/O panel: PWR, HDD, WDT and IGN. The descriptions of these four LED are listed in the following table.

Indicator	Color	Description
PWR	Green	Power indictor, lid when system is on.
HDD	Red	Hard drive indicator, flashing when hard disk drive is active.
WDT	Yellow	Watchdog timer LED, flashing when WDT is active.
IGN	Yellow	Ignition signal indicator, lid when IGN is high (12V/24V).



2.2.6 DVI Port

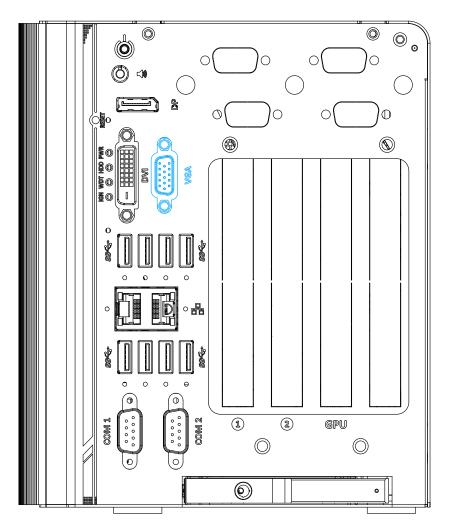


DVI-D transmits graphics data in digital format and therefore can deliver better image quality at high resolution. The DVI connector on the front panel can either output DVI signals or other digital signals (via an adapter/ cable) depending on the display device connected. It supports resolutions up to 1920x1200@60Hz.

The system supports triple independent display outputs by connecting display devices to VGA, DVI and DisplayPort. To support multiple display outputs and achieve best DVI output resolution in Windows, you need to install corresponding graphics driver. Please refer to section OS Support and Driver Installation for details.



2.2.7 VGA Port



VGA connector is the most common video display connection. The VGA output supports up to 1920x1200@60Hz resolution.

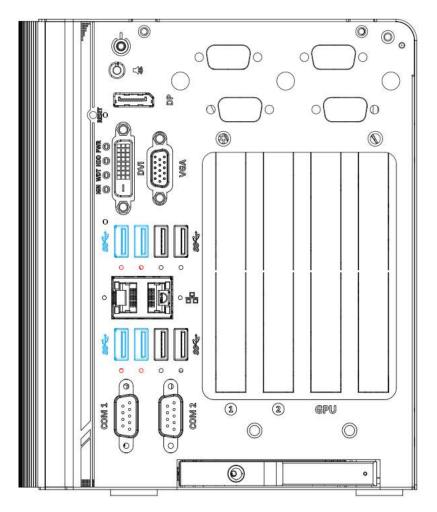
The system supports triple independent display outputs by connecting display devices to VGA, DVI and DisplayPort. To support multiple display outputs and achieve best VGA output resolution in Windows, you need to install corresponding graphics drivers. Please refer to section <u>OS Support and Driver Installation</u> for details.



Please make sure your VGA cable includes SDA and SCL (DDC clock and data) signals for correct communication with monitor to get resolution/timing information. A cable without SDA/ SCL can cause blank screen on your VGA monitor due to incorrect resolution/timing output.



2.2.8 USB3.1 Gen 2 Port

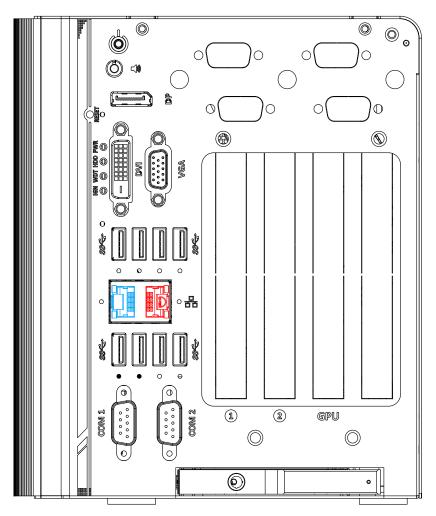


The system's USB 3.1 Gen 2 ports (10Gbps) are implemented via native xHCI (eXtensible Host Controller Interface) controller and are backward compatible with USB3.1 Gen.1 USB 2.0, USB 1.1 and USB 1.0 devices. Legacy USB is also supported so you can use USB keyboard/mouse in DOS environment. There are also screw-lock openings (indicated in **red**) for each USB port.

xHCI driver is supported natively in Windows 10, therefore you do not need to install xHCI driver in prior to utilize USB functions.



2.2.9 Gigabit Ethernet Port



The system offers 2 GbE ports on its I/O panel. The GbE ports are marked in **blue**/ **red** and are implemented with Intel[®] I219-LM/ Intel[®] I210-IT controllers, respectively. Each port has one dedicated PCI Express link for maximum performance. When an Ethernet connection is established, the LED indicators on the RJ45 connector represents the following connection statuses:

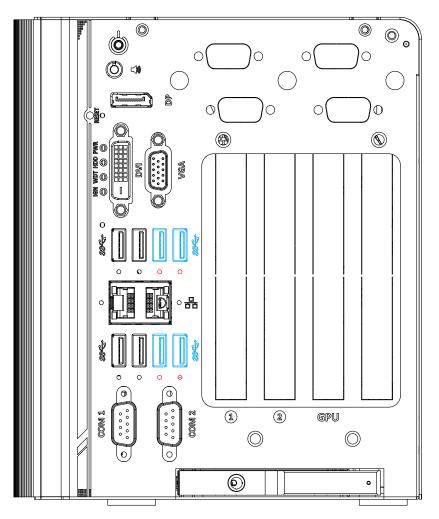
Active	/l in	k l	FD
ACTIVE		IN I	

LED Color	Status	Description							
	Off	Ethernet port is disco	nnected						
Green	On	Ethernet port is connected and no data transmission							
	Flashing	Ethernet port is connected and data is transmitting/receiving							
Speed LED									
LED Color	Status	Description							
Croop or	Off	10 Mbps							
Green or	Green	100 Mbps							
Orange	Orange	1000 Mbps							

The port implemented using Intel[®] I219-LM (in **blue**) supports Wake-on-LAN function. Drivers may be required to utilize the GbE port in Windows environment.



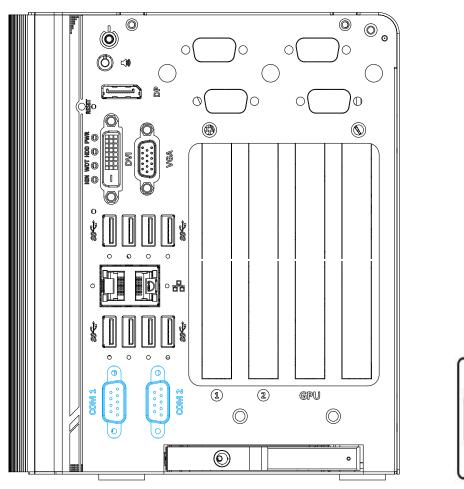
2.2.10 USB3.1 Gen 1 Port



The system's USB 3.0 Gen 1 ports (5Gbps) are implemented via native xHCI (eXtensible Host Controller Interface) controller and are backward compatible with USB 2.0, USB 1.1 and USB 1.0 devices. Legacy USB is also supported so you can use USB keyboard/mouse in DOS environment. There are also screw-lock openings (indicated in **red**) for each USB port. xHCI driver is supported natively in Windows 10, therefore you do not need to install xHCI driver in prior to utilize USB functions.

С

2.2.11 COM Port



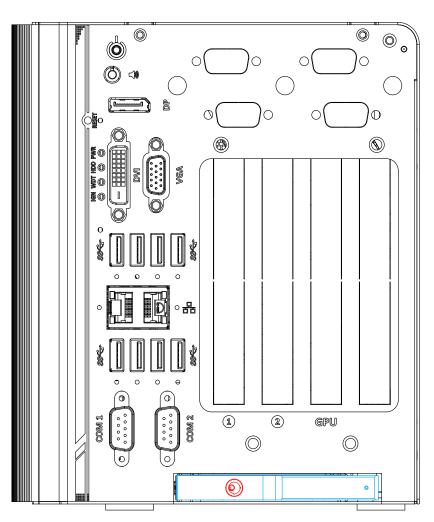
The two COM ports are implemented using industrial-grade ITE8786 Super IO chip (-40 to 85°C) and provide up to 115200 bps baud rate.

COM1 and COM2 are software-configurable RS-232/422/485 ports. The operation mode of COM1 and COM2 can be set in BIOS setup utility. The following table describes the pin definition of COM ports.

	COM1 & COM2								
Pin#	RS-232 Mode	RS-422 Mode	RS-485 Mode						
1	DCD								
2	RX	422 TXD+	485 TXD+/RXD+						
3	ТХ	422 RXD+							
4	DTR	422 RXD-							
5	GND	GND	GND						
6	DSR								
7	RTS								
8	CTS	422 TXD-	485 TXD-/RXD-						
9	RI								

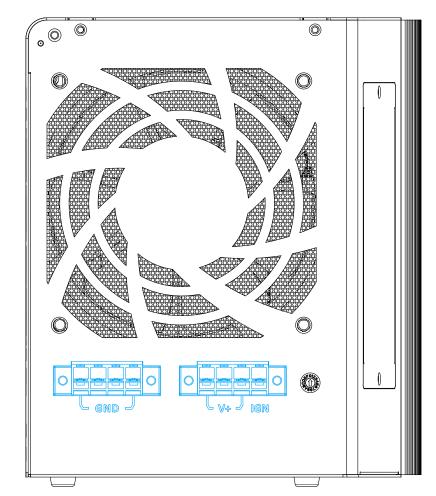
COM Port Pin Definition





2.2.12 2.5" HDD/ SSD Hot-swappable Slot

The system has an external 2.5" HDD/ SSD via a hot-swappable slot. Designed for easy access, the HDD/ SSD slot is secured by a lock (indicated in red) and it supports RAID modes 0/ 1 configuration by combining with the internal HDD/ SSD drive for OS installation (coupled with the internal HDD). To set up RAID, please refer to RAID Volume Configuration section for details.

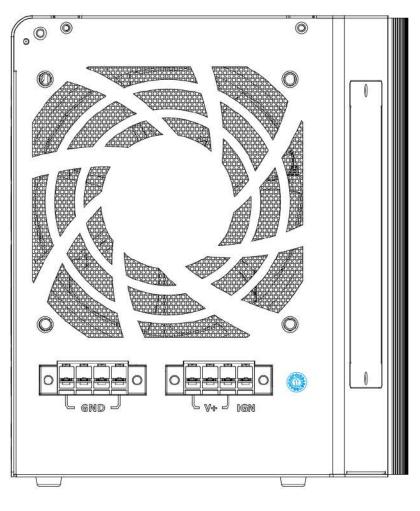


2.3 Ignition/ Dual 4-Pin Terminal Block

The system accepts a wide range of DC power input from 8 to 48V via dual 4-pin pluggable terminal block, which is fit for field usage where DC power is provided. The screw clamping mechanism on the terminal block offers connection reliability when wiring DC power. In addition to DC power input, this terminal block can also accept ignition signal input (IGN) for in-vehicle applications.

Please make sure the voltage of DC power is correct before you connect it to the system. Supplying a voltage over 48V will damage the system.

2.4 Ignition Control Switch





The ignition power control switch features multiple modes for pre and post ignition settings. Please refer to the section Ignition Power Control for details. Please use a flathead screwdriver to adjust the position of the ignition power control switch.

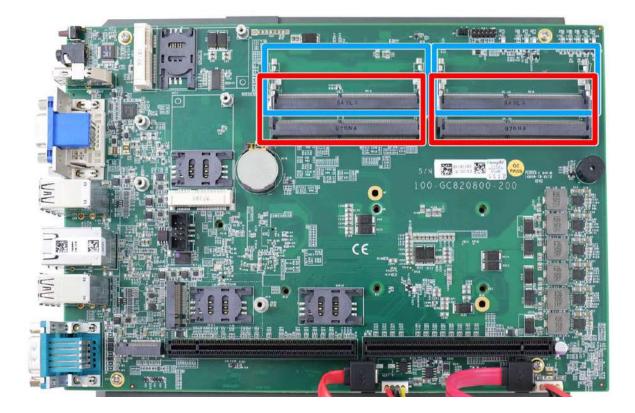
For details, please refer to the section Ignition Power Control for details



2.5 Internal I/O Functions

In addition to I/O connectors on the front panel, the system also provides internal on-board connectors, such as remote on/off control, LED status output, etc. In this section, we'll illustrate these internal I/O functions.

2.5.1 SODIMM DRAM Slot



The system motherboard supports four 260-pin SODIMM socket for installing ECC/ non-ECC DDR4 memory module up to 128GB. Each slot supports single module DDR4 2133MHz SODIMM up to 32GB capacity.

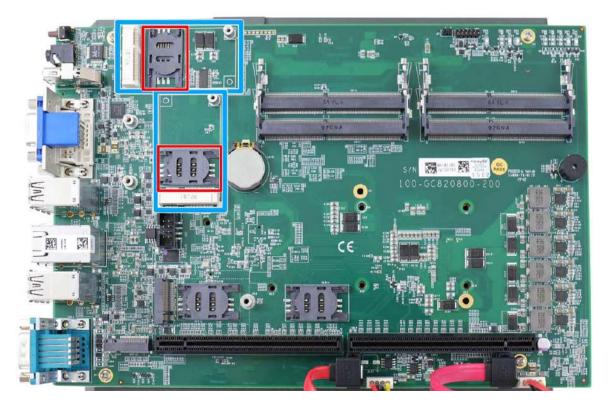


When changes are made to DRAM module(s), such as additionally install or remove and reinstall (into the same/ different slot, it will result in an approximately 30~60 seconds delay when booting up for the first time after such change(s).

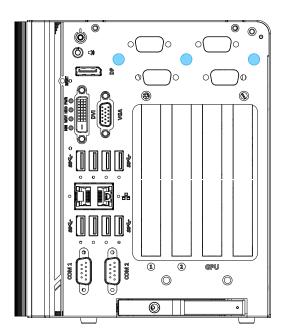


2.5.2 mini-PCle Socket & Pin Definition

The system provides dual mini-PCIe sockets (indicated in **blue**) that are in compliance with mini-PCIe specification rev. 1.2. This mini-PCIe socket is designed with SIM card (slot indicated in **red**) support. With a SIM card installed, your system can access the internet via your network provider's 3G/ 4G network.



For wireless (WIFI/ 3G/ 4G) communication, multiple SMA antenna apertures can be located on the front and rear panel.





mini-PCIe socket definition

51	49	47	45	43	41	39	37	35	33	31	29	27	25	23	21	19	17	1	15	13	11	9	7	5	3	1
52	50	48	46	44	42	40	38	36	34	32	30	28	26	24	22	20	18	1	6	14	12	10	8	6	4	2

Pin	Signal (mPCle)	Pin #	Signal (mPCle)
1	WAKE#	2	+3.3Vaux
3	-	4	GND
5	-	6	+1.5V
7	CLKREQ#	8	UIM_PWR
9	GND	10	UIM_DATA
11	REFCLK-	12	UIM_CLK
13	REFCLK+	14	UIM_RESET
15	GND	16	UIM_VPP
Mecha	inical Key		
17	Reserved* (UIM_C8)	18	GND
19	Reserved* (UIM_C4)	20	W_DISABLE#
21	GND	22	PERST#
23	PERn0	24	3.3V
25	PERp0	26	GND
27	GND	28	+1.5V
29	GND	30	SMB_CLK
31	PETn0	32	SMB_DATA
33	PETp0	34	GND
35	GND	36	USB_D-
37	GND	38	USB_D+
39	3.3V	40	GND
41	3.3V	42	-
43	GND	44	-
45	Reserved	46	-
47	Reserved	48	+1.5V
49	Reserved	50	GND
51	Reserved	52	3.3V

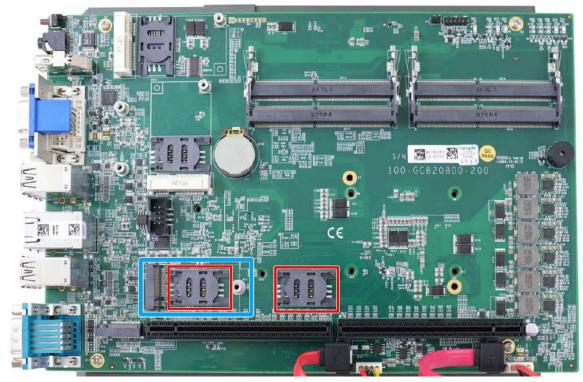
Some off-the-shelf mini-PCIe 4G modules are not compliant to standard mini-PCIe interface. They use 1.8V I/O signals instead of standard 3.3V I/O and may have signal conflict. Please consult with Neousys for compatibility when in doubt!

Installing an incompatible 4G module may damage the system or the module itself may be damaged.

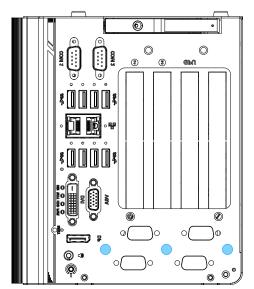
2.5.3 M.2 2242 (B Key), Mini-SIM Card Slot & Pin Definition



The dual SIM card functionality is only available when Sierra Wireless EM7455/7430 solution is installed. For other 4G add-on solutions, SIM card slot 1 is the default functioning slot.



The system has an M.2 2242 slot (indicated in **blue**) that works with dual SIM slots (4G + 3G), one directly underneath and next to the slot (indicated in **red**). By installing a 3G or 4G M.2 module and SIM card, you can access the internet via the provider's network. For wireless 3G/ 4G, SMA antenna apertures are located on front/ rear panels.



1	11 21		75
Щ			
2	10 20		74
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal
1		2 4	+3V3
3 5	GND	-	
5 7	GND USB_D+	6 8	FULL_CARD_POWER_OFF_N W_DISABLE_N
9	USB_D+	8 10	UISADLE_IN
 	GND	10	-
		l hanical k	Key
21	-	20	-
23	-	22	-
25	-	24	-
27	GND	26	-
29	USB3.0-RX-	28	-
31	USB3.0-RX+	30	UIM1-RESET
33	GND	32	UIM1-CLK
35	USB3.0-TX-	34	UIM1-DATA
37	USB3.0-TX+	36	UIM1-PWR
39	GND	38	-
41	PERn0 / SATA-B+	40	UIM2-DET
43	PERp0 / SATA-B-	42	UIM2-DATA
45	GND	44	UIM2-CLK
47	PETn0 / SATA-A-	46	UIM2-RST
49	PETp0 / SATA-A+	48	UIM2-PWR
51	GND	50	PERST_N
53	REFCLKN	52	-
55	REFCLKP	54	-
57	GND	56	-
59	-	58	-
61	-	60	-
63	-	62	-
65	-	64	-
67	RESET_N	66	UIM1_DETECT
69	CONFIG_1	68	-
71	GND	70	+3V3
73	GND	72	+3V3
75	-	74	+3V3

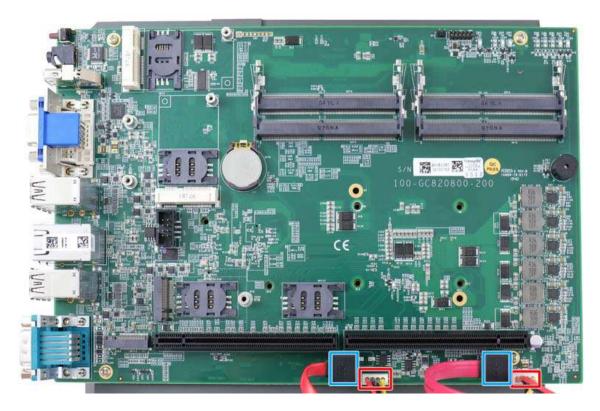
M.2 (B Key) Slot Pin Definition



2.5.4 SATA Port



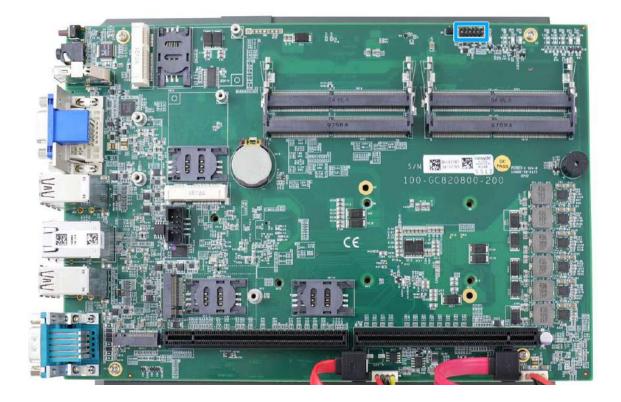
Supports up to 15mm thickness HDD/ SSD.



The system provides two SATA ports which support Gen3, 6 Gb/s SATA signals. Each SATA port (indicated in **blue**) features a 7-pin SATA connector and a 4-pin power connector.

The power connector (indicated in **red**) each accommodates a 2.5" HDD/ SSD in internal HDD bracket. Standard 22-pin SATA connectors are provided with the system. You may refer to the SATA Configuration section for SATA settings.





2.5.5 On/ Off Ctrl & Status Output

For an application which places the system inside a cabinet, it's useful to have an external system status LED indicators. The system provides a 2x6, 2.0mm pitch pin header to output system status such as power, HDD, watchdog timer, and control system on/ off remotely.

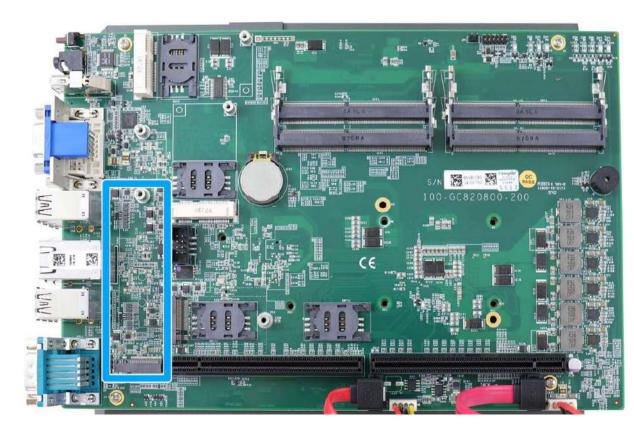
The status LED output has a built-in series-resistor and provides 10mA current to directly drive the external LED indicators. System on/ off control is also provided so you can use an external non-latched switch to turn on/ off the system exactly the same as the power button on the front panel. The following table describes the pin definition of the status LED output.



Pin Definition

1	\frown	\frown	\frown	\frown	\frown	\frown	1
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	11
	-	-	-	-	-	-	

Pin#	Definition	Description	
1	WDT_LED-	[Output] Watchdog timer indicator, flashing when Watchdo	
2	WDT_LED+	timer is active	
3	Standby Power-	[Output] Standby power indicator, on if DC power is applied	
4	Standby Power+	and system is in S5 (standby) mode.	
5	HDD-	[Output] Hard drive indicator, flashing when SATA hard	
6	HDD+	drive is active.	
7	Power-	[Output] System power indicator, on if system is turned on,	
8	Power+	off if system is turned off.	
9	Ctrl-	[Input] Remote on/off control, connects to an external	
10	Ctrl+	switch to turn on/off the system (polarity is negligible).	
11	IGN_LED-	[Output] Ignition control indicator, on if ignition control is on,	
12	IGN_LED+	off if ignition control is off.	



2.5.6 M.2 2280 (M Key) Slot for NVMe SSD or Optane[™] Memory

The system has a x4 PCIe M.2 2280 slot for you to install an NVMe SSD for the ultimate performance or an Intel[®] Optane[™] memory to accelerate the read/ write performances of traditional hard disk drive. An NVMe SSD offers exceptional performance over 2.5" SSDs while Intel[®] Optane[™] memory can dramatically boost your traditional hard disk drives' read/ write performances.

Клоте

The M.2 slot will automatically detect and configure the slot to run PCIe or SATA signal depending on the installed device.



1	11 21		57 67	75
m				ΠΠ
2	10 20			74
Pin #	Signal	Pin #	Signal	
1	GND	2	+3V3	
3	GND	4	+3V3	
5	PERN3	6	-	
7	PERP3	8	-	
9	GND	10	DAS/DSS_N	
11	PETN3	12	+3V3	
13	PETP3	14	+3V3	
15	GND	16	+3V3	
17	PERN2	18	+3V3	
19	PERP2	20	-	
21	GND	22	-	
23	PETN2	24	-	
25	PETP2	26	-	
27	GND	28	-	
29	PERN1	30	-	
31	PERP1	32	-	
33	GND	34	-	
35	PETN1	36	-	
37	PETP1	38	-	
39	GND	40	-	
41	PERn0 / SATA-B+	42	-	
43	PERp0 / SATA-B-	44	-	
45	GND	46	-	
47	PETn0 / SATA-A-	48	-	
49	PETp0 / SATA-A+	50	PERST_N	
51	GND	52	-	
53	REFCLKN	54	-	
55	REFCLKP	56	-	
57	GND	58	-	
	Mech	anical Ke		
67	-	68	SUSCLK	
69	PEDET	70	+3V3	
71	GND	72	+3V3	
73	GND	74	+3V3	
75	GND			

M.2 (M Key) Slot Pin Definition



2.5.7 Internal USB Port on Extension Board

The system's extension board has an internal USB2.0 port on the PCBA. You can utilize this USB port to connect a USB protection dongle inside the chassis of the system.

2.5.8 The 4-pin Molex



The 4-pin molex connector can be found on the extension board. It can provide additional power supply for power hungry add-on cards such as PCIe PoE cards. The pin definition are as follows:



Pin number	Color	Definition
1	Red	+12V
2	Black	Gnd
3	Black	Gnd
4	Yellow	+5V



3 System Installation

Before disassembling the system enclosure and installing components and modules, please make sure you have done the following:

- It is recommended that only qualified service personnel should install and service this product to avoid injury or damage to the system.
- Please observe all ESD procedures at all times to avoid damaging the equipment.
- Before disassembling your system, please make sure the system has powered off, all cables and antennae (power, video, data, etc.) are disconnected.
- Place the system on a flat and sturdy surface (remove from mounts or out of server cabinets) before proceeding with the installation/ replacement procedure.

3.1 Disassembling the System

To access system internal components, the system needs to be disassembled. To disassemble the system enclosure, you need to remove screws on the I/O panel, removable

side panel and system ventilation panel.

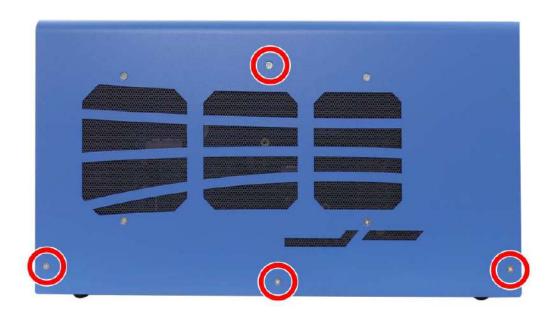
1. On the I/O panel side, unscrew the screws indicated below.



2. Unscrew the screw indicated on top of the enclosure.



3. Unscrew the screws indicated on the removable side panel shown below.



4. On the rear panel, remove the screw indicated below.

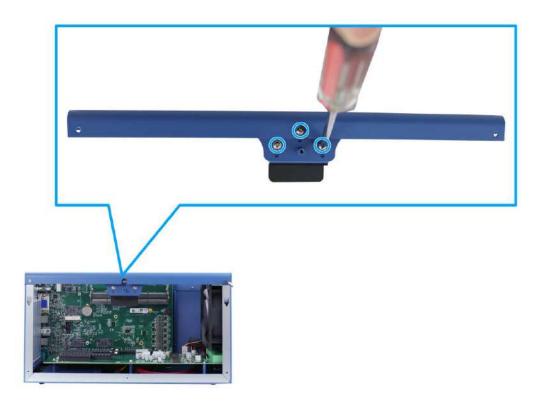






5. Lift the L-shaped side panel to separate it from the enclosure.

6. Once the L-shaped side panel has been removed, proceed to remove the graphics card's stabilizer plate by removing the three screws.



7. You do not need to remove the fan in order to remove the extension board. The fan is removed in the illustration below on purpose to better indicate the screws that are holding the motherboard in place. To separate the extension board from the motherboard without uninstalling the fan, please disconnect the 4-pin fan connector (indicated in blue) to the motherboard and remove the screws indicated below (indicated in red).



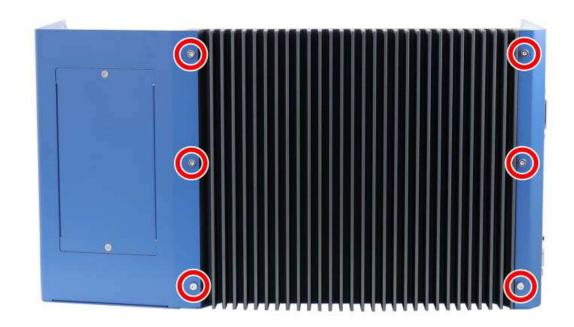
Remove 4-pin fan connector



Remove screws to separate the extension board from the motherboard



Please disengage the extension board gradually as there are capacitors situated underneath the PCIe slots that may come in contact with enclosure structures when removed with excessive force. 8. Separate the motherboard/ heatsink from the enclosure by unscrewing the hex bolt screws indicated below.



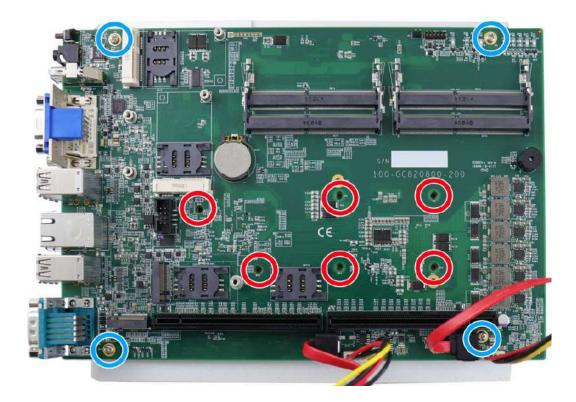
9. The system's internal I/Os are now accessible and the CPU is ready for installation once the motherboard is separated from the heatsink. Please refer to the CPU installation section on how to separate the motherboard from the heatsink.



3.2 Installing Internal Components

3.2.1 CPU Installation Procedure

- 1. To install the CPU, you will need to separate the heatsink and the motherboard.
- Remove the screws indicated in blue to separate the motherboard from the heatsink. If your system already has a CPU installed, you will also need to remove screws in locations indicated in red.



3. Gently separate the motherboard from the heatsink, you'll see the CPU socket protective cover, place finger tips underneath the sign "REMOVE" for leverage and gently lift the cover.



With the protective cover removed, please be careful when handling the motherboard. DO NOT touch the pins in the LGA socket!



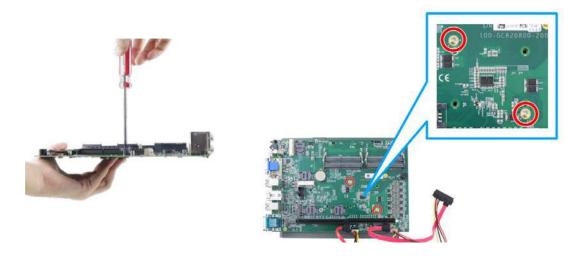
4. Remove the CPU from its container/ tray. Match the two notches on the side to the protrusions in the socket, gently lower the CPU into the socket.



5. Locate the CPU retention bracket from the accessory box. Place the retention bracket on the CPU and hold it in place.

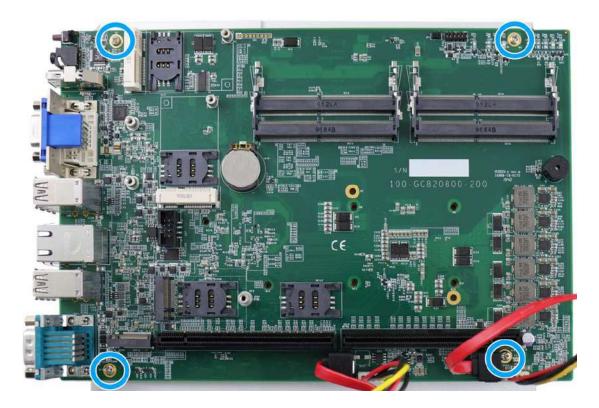


6. Turn the motherboard around and secure the bracket by tightening two M3 P-head screws.

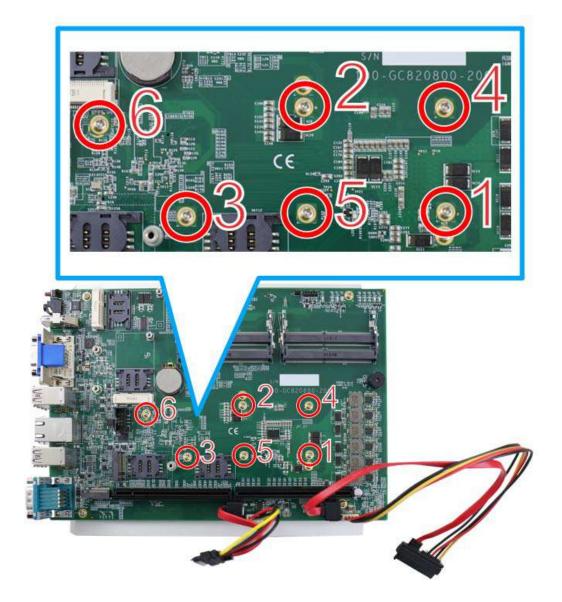


Hold CPU bracket firmly and turn the motherboard around Secure two M3 P-head screws

- 7. Remove all thermal pads' protective films on the heatsink.
- 8. With the motherboard standoffs aligned, gently lower the motherboard onto the heatsink and secure the screws indicated.



9. Once the motherboard has been installed, you're ready to secure the six spring screws (found in the accessory box) that help the heatsink apply pressure to the CPU/ chipset die. You'll want to apply even pressure to the corners by gradually tightening each screw. Please refer to the recommended order when tightening the screws.



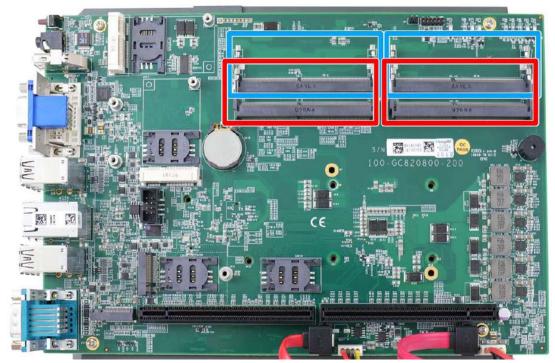
- 10. Reinstall the system panel when done.
- 11. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



3.2.2 DDR4 SO-DIMM Installation

There are four SO-DIMM memory slots on the motherboard that supports a total maximum of 128GB DDR4-2133. Please follow the procedures below to replace or install the memory modules.

- 1. Please refer to the section "Disassembling the System".
- 2. Locate the SODIMM memory module slots on the motherboard. Please make sure you install to the slots indicated in blue first, then the slots indicated in red.



3. To install the memory module, insert gold fingers into the slot at 45-degree angle, push down on the memory module to clip the module into position.





4. Push the memory module down until it is clipped-in.



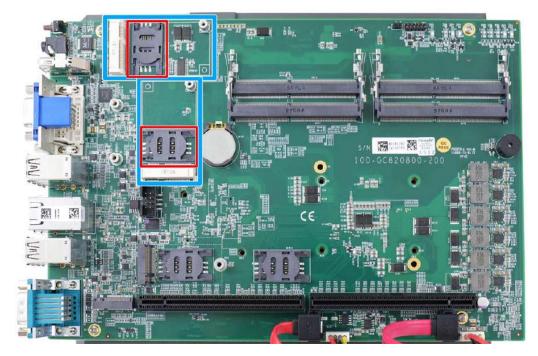
- 5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to install other modules.
- 6. <u>Reinstall the system enclosure</u> and panel when done.
- 7. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



3.2.3 mPCle Module, Mini-SIM (2FF) Card and Antennae Installation

The system has two mPCIe slot (indicated in **blue**)coupled with Mini-SIM socket (indicated in **red**)for installing 3G/4G module. For installation, please refer to the following instructions.

- 1. Please refer to the section "Disassembling the System".
- 2. Locate the mPCIe and SIM card slots on the motherboard.



 Before installing the mPCIe module, you need to insert the Mini-SIM card. Slide the SIM slot holder and lift the SIM card holder. Insert the Mini-SIM card (pins facing up), shut the SIM holder and slide it to lock the SIM card in-place.

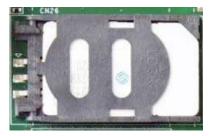


Slide and lift SIM card holder



Insert Mini-SIM card with pins facing up

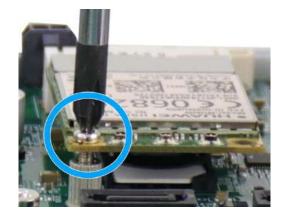
4. Secure the Mini-SIM card by sliding the holder.





5. Insert the mPCIe module on a 45 degree angle into the mPCIe slot and secure the module.

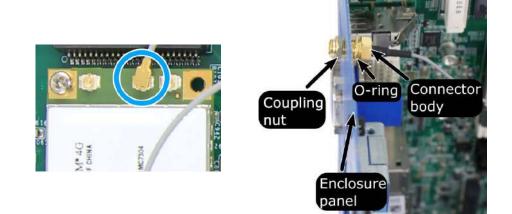




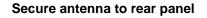
Insert on 45 degree angle

Secure the module

6. Clip on the IPEZ-to-SMA cable to the module and secure the antenna to the front or rear panel. Please refer to the module's manual for clip-on connection.



Clip on IPEZ-to-SMA cable



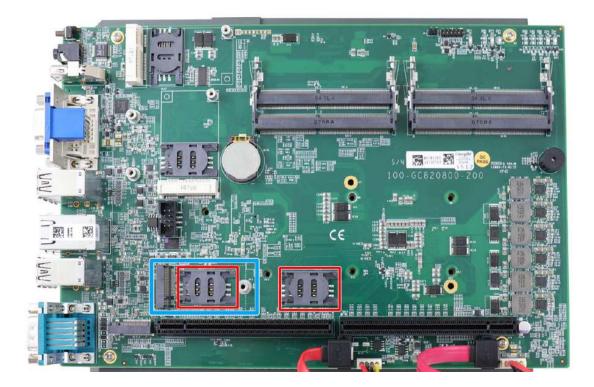
- 7. <u>Reinstall the system enclosure</u> and panel when done.
- 8. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



3.2.4 M.2 2242 (B Key) Module and Micro-SIM (3FF) Card Installation

The system has an M.2 slot (indicated in **blue**) for installing 3G/4G module that can be coupled with dual Micro-SIM card slots (indicated in **red**). For installation, please refer to the following instructions.

- 1. Please refer to the section "Disassembling the System".
- 2. Locate the M.2 2242 (B Key) and SIM card slots on the motherboard.



3. Insert the module on a 45 degree angle.

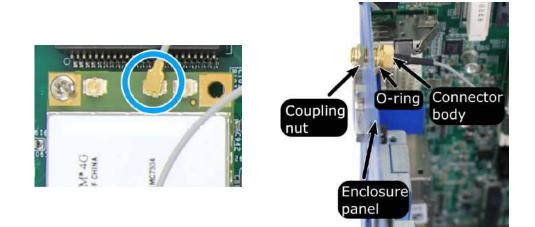




4. Gently press down and secure the module with an M2.5 P-head screw.



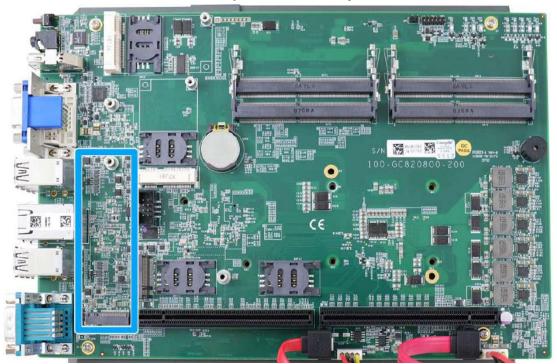
5. Clip on the IPEZ-to-SMA cable to the module and secure the antenna to the front or rear panel. Please refer to the module's manual for clip-on connection. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



Clip on IPEZ-to-SMA cable

Secure antenna to rear panel

- 6. With the motherboard exposed, the SIM card is inserted with the gold fingers facing downward. If you are inserting the SIM card with the system upright (heatsink fins upwards), the gold fingers should be facing upward. The SIM socket is a push-push type. The push-push mechanism means the SIM card is push-to-install and push-to-retrieve
- 7. <u>Reinstall the system enclosure</u> and panel when done.
- 8. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



3.2.5 M.2 2280 NVMe SSD or Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory Installation

The system has a x4 PCIe M.2 2280 slot for you to install an NVMe SSD for the ultimate performance or an Intel® Optane[™] memory to accelerate the read/ write performances of traditional hard disk drive. An NVMe SSD offers exceptional performance over 2.5" SSDs while Intel® Optane[™] memory can dramatically boost your traditional hard disk drives' read/ write performances. For installation, please refer to the following instructions.

- 1. Please refer to the section "<u>Disassembling the System</u>", you may not need to completely dismantle the system to gain access to the M.2 slot.
- 2. Insert the module on a 45 degree angle.



3. Gently press down and secure the module with an M2.5 P-head screw.





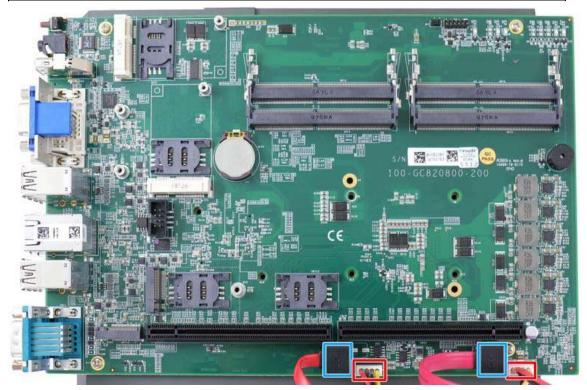
- 4. <u>Reinstall the system enclosure</u> and panel when done.
- 5. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.
- 6. Please refer to the section <u>Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory BIOS Setup and Driver Installation</u> for traditional hard drive acceleration.



3.2.6 HDD/ SSD Installation



Supports up to 15mm thickness HDD/ SSD.



The system has two SATA ports (indicated in **blue**) and two four pin power connectors (indicated in **red**). One set of the SATA/ power cables is connected to the front hot-swappable slot while the other can be connected to the tray in the enclosure. Please refer to the following instructions on how to install 2.5" SATA HDD/SSD onto the enclosure tray.

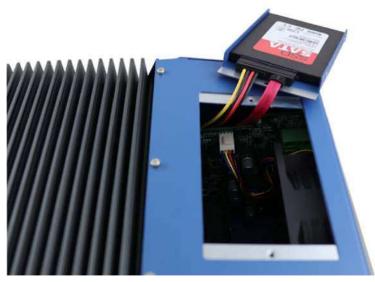
 Locate the hard drive tray on the enclosure. It is located next to the motherboard heatsink. Remove the screws indicated and retrieve the tray out of the enclosure.



2. Place the HDD/ SSD (with labels facing up) and secure it with the supplied four flathead screws (two on each side).



 At the tray opening, you should be able to locate the 22-pin SATA cable, connect it to the installed HDD/ SSD. Due to cable length limitations, the connector side of the HDD or SSD should be facing towards the bottom of the enclosure.



4. Insert the tray back into the system and secure it with two screws you removed earlier.



5. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.

3.2.7 Installing HDD/ SSD to Hot-swappable Tray

The system has one external HDD/ SSD hot-swappable tray. It can be located at the bottom of the I/O panel.



1. You may insert and install the HDD/ SSD without disassembling the enclosure. Simply lift to spring open the lever to gain access to the hot-swap slot.





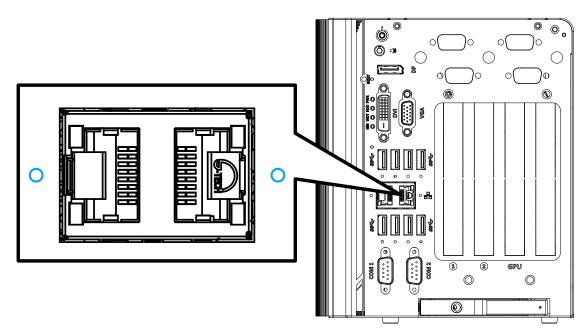
2. Insert the HDD/ SSD (with labels facing up) and the SATA connector end towards the slot, insert it 3/4 of way in and use the lever to fully push the HDD/ SSD into the slot. You should hear a click sound to ensure the HDD/ SSD is properly inserted and engaged.



3. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.

3.2.8 Ethernet Port Panel Screw Fix

The system's RJ45 Ethernet ports have panel screw fix holes (indicated in **blue circles**) for a firm cable connection.



1. To install and make use to the panel screw fix connection, you must acquire panel screw fix cables such as the cable shown below.



2. Simply insert the RJ45 connector into the RJ45 port and secure the top and bottom screws using your fingers or a screw driver.





3.3 Graphics Card Installation



To reduce the risk of damage, **DO NOT** remove the graphics card from the antistatic bag before it is ready to be installed into the Cassette module!



For installation compatibility, please consult with Neousys before purchasing a graphics card.

The system can support an NVIDIA graphics card up to 250W. The placement of the rear exhaust fan creates a sealed wind tunnel to bring in cold air to the graphics cards and expels hot air to offer extreme system stability and reliability. To install a PCIe graphics card, please refer to the following procedure:

To install a PCIe graphics card into the Cassette module, please refer to the following procedure:

- 1. Please refer to the section "Disassembling the System".
- 2. Locate the PCIe x16 slots on the daughter board (indicated in red).

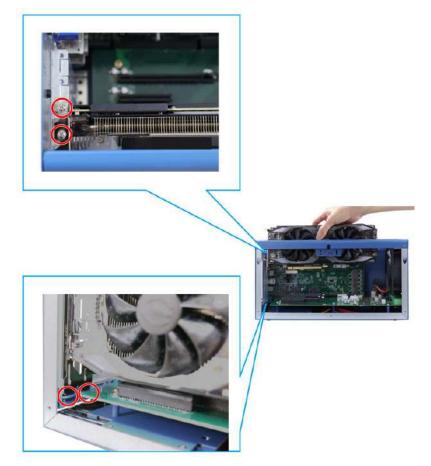




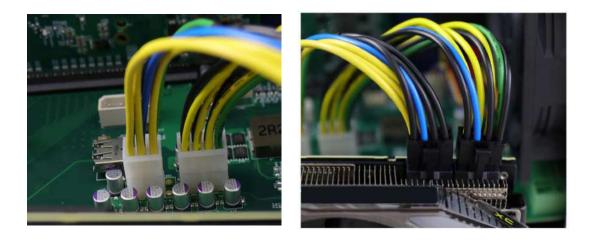
3. Remove the corresponding enclosure bezel(s) to the PCIe slot you wish to install to.



4. Remove the graphics card from the antistatic bag and gently lower it into the PCIe slot while ensuring the gold-fingers meet, graphics card panel is properly inserted and secured with screws.



5. Connect power cables from the daughter board to the graphics card.



6/ 8-pin power connector on daughter board

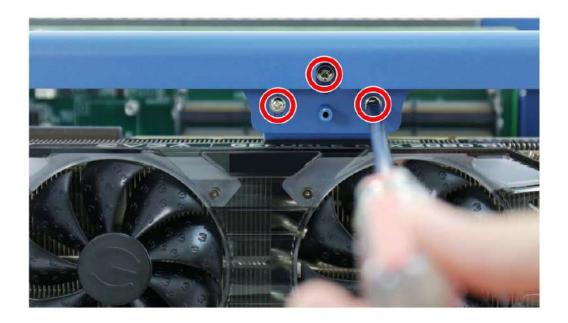
6 or 8/8-pin power connector on graphics card

NOTE

Please make sure you use short power cables for the graphics card installed closest to the motherboard and long power cables for the graphics card installed furthest from the motherboard.

A variety of 6-pin to 8-pin / 8-pin to 8-pin power cables are provided, please refer to the packing list for details.

6. To complete the graphics card installation, please install the stabilizer plate you removed during the disassembly process. Simply lower the stabilizer plate to firmly press onto the graphics card, secure the screws indicated to complete the graphics card installation.



7. If you need to install other components, please refer to respective sections.



3.4 Installing the System Enclosure

Place L-shape side panel onto the enclosure



Slide-and-lock into the indicate hinges

1. To reinstall the system enclosure, place the L-shape panel onto the enclosure while making sure the notch inside the panel is inserted into the slide-and-lock hinges.





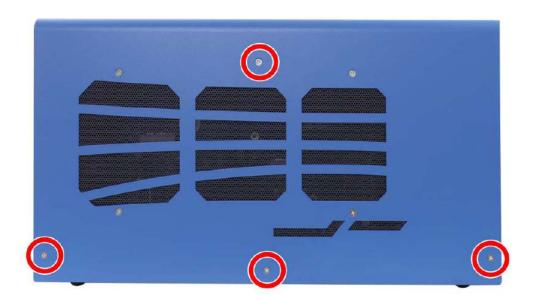
2. Secure the screws indicated on the I/O panel.

3. Secure the screw indicated on top of the enclosure.





4. Secure the screws indicated on the side panel shown below.



10. Finally on the rear panel, secure the screws indicated on the rear panel to complete the enclosure assembly process.



11. For other component installation procedures, please refer to their respective sections.



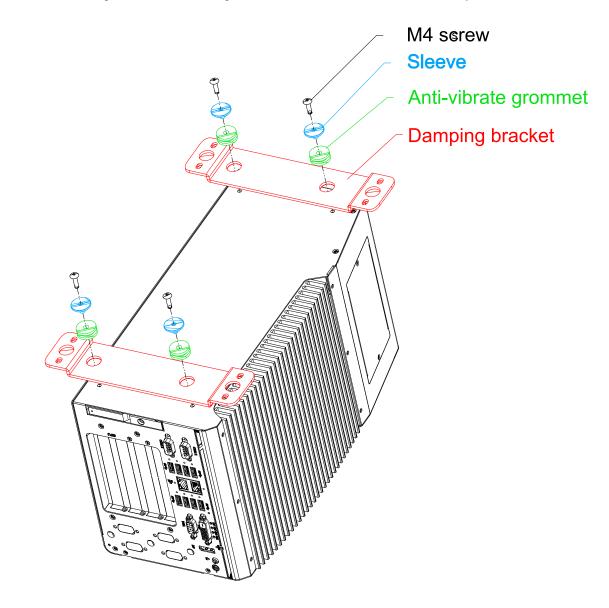
3.5 Anti-vibration Damping Bracket Installation



You will need to remove the four (4) rubber stands at the bottom of the enclosure if they have been attached.

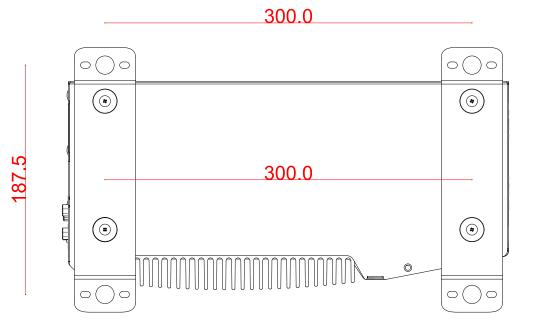
The damping bracket offers superior operating vibration resistance up to 1Grm with HDD or up to 5Grm with SSD. Please refer to the Nuvo-8108GC exploded illustration below on installing damping bracket. The damping brackets and screws can be found in the accessory box.

1. Take out the two anti-vibration damping brackets, four M4 screws, four sleeves and four anti-vibration grommets from the accessory box. Insert the M4 screws into the sleeves and through the anti-vibration grommets to secure the brackets to the system.





2. Place the system on a flat surface and secure it with screws.



105.0



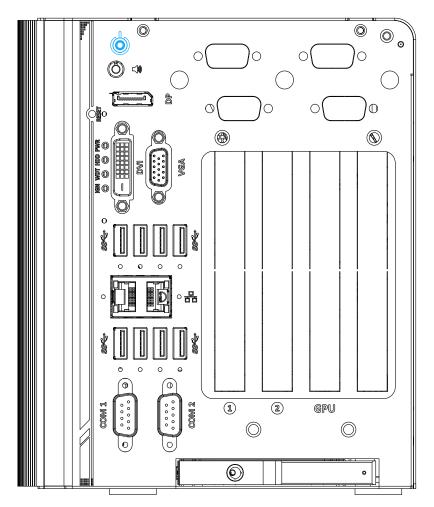
3.6 **Powering On the System**

There are three methods to power on the system

- Pressing the power button
- Sending a LAN packet via Ethernet (Wake-on-LAN)
- Powering on via ignition control (please refer to <u>Ignition Control</u> section)

3.6.1 Powering On Using the Power Button

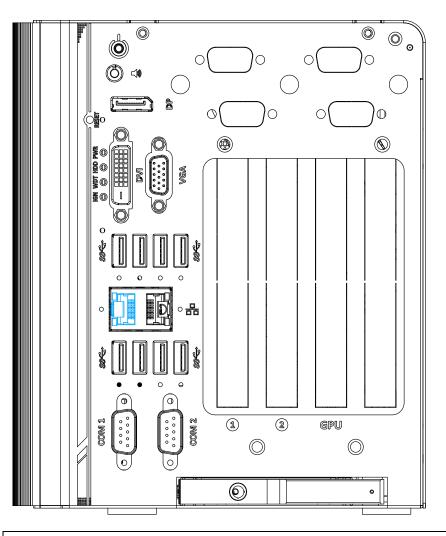
This is the simplest way to turn on your system. The power button is a non-latched switch and behaves as the ATX-mode on/off control. With DC power connected, pushing the power button will turn on the system and the PWR LED indicator will light up. Pushing the button when system is on will turn off the system. If your operating system supports ATX power mode (i.e. Microsoft Windows or Linux), pushing the power button while the system is in operation will result in a pre-defined system behavior, such as shutdown or hibernation.





3.6.2 Powering On Using Wake-on-LAN

Wake-on-LAN (WOL) is a mechanism to wake up a computer system from a S5 (system off with standby power) state via issuing a magic packet. The system's Wake-on-LAN compatible GbE port is shown below.



NOTE

Please make sure the Intel chipset and Ethernet driver has been properly installed prior to setting up WOL function.

To enable WOL function, please set up WOL settings in the BIOS and in the operating system by follow the steps described below.

- 1. When the system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to the [Power]>[Wake On LAN] and set it to [Enabled].
- 3. Press F10 to "**Save changes and exit BIOS**" and allow the system boot into the operating system.
- 4. Once booted into the Windows system, press "Windows key + E", right-click on



"Network>Properties>Change adapter settings". Locate and double-click on the adapter Intel® I219 Gigabit Network Connection, click on Configure...

 Click on the Power Management tab and check the following options. Click on OK when done.

Intel(R) Ethernet Connection (2) I219-LM Properties							
Teaming General	VLANs Link Speed	Driver Advanced	Details Power Ma	Events anagement			
(intel)	Power Saver a	nd Wake on LAN	Options				
	to ARP requests	without waking sy		^			
	ficient Ethernet	ithout waking sys	tem	*			
✓ Wake on	Magic Packet Pattern Match Magic Packet fro	om power off state		*			
-	Wake on Magic Packet from power off state Respond to ARP requests without waking system						
the system	from sleep or hib	to ARP requests ernate. The syste still maintain its n	em can remain	in 🔨			
			ОК	Cancel			

Magic Packet

The magic packet is a broadcast frame containing anywhere within its payload 6 bytes of

all 255 (FF FF FF FF FF FF in hexadecimal), followed by sixteen repetitions of the target computer's 48-bit MAC address. For example, NIC's 48-bit MAC Address is 78h D0h 04h 0Ah 0Bh 0Ch DESTINATION SOURCE MISC FF FF FF FF FF FF 78 D0 04 0A 0B 0C MISC CRC

Ethernet 1 Properties		×
Networking Sharing		
Connect using:		
Intel(R) Ethemet Connection (2) I219-LM		
Conf	igure	7
This connection uses the following items:		-
This connection uses the following items:	,	
	, ,	^
This connection uses the following items:	, ,	^
This connection uses the following items:	,	^
This connection uses the following items:		^
This connection uses the following items:		Ŷ
This connection uses the following items:		~

There are some free tools available on Internet that can be used to send a magic packet. Please refer to the following link to understand more about <u>Magic Packet</u>.

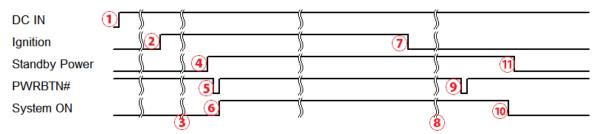


3.7 Ignition Power Control

The ignition power control module for in-vehicle applications is a MCU-based implementation that monitors the ignition signal and reacts to turn on/off the system according to predefined on/off delay. Its built-in algorithm supports other features such as ultra-low power standby, battery-low protection, system hard-off, etc. In this section, we'll illustrate the principle of ignition power control and operation modes.

3.7.1 Principles of Ignition Power Control

The basic concept of ignition power control module is to control the timing correlation between ignition signal and system power status. A typical timing correlation is described in following diagram.



- When DC power is supplied to the system, MCU starts to periodically detect ignition signal. Note that only MCU is working at this moment and the overall power consumption is less than 2 mW.
- 2. Ignition signal is active (both 12VDC and 24VDC ignition signals are accepted).
- 3. MCU starts to count a pre-defined power-on delay.
- Once power-on delay expired, MCU turns on necessary standby power for the system (3.3VSB & 5VSB).
- 5. A PWRBTN# pulse is then issued to turn on the system (equivalent to one pressing the power button on the front panel).
- 6. The system is booting and becomes operational.
- 7. After a period of time, the ignition signal becomes inactive.
- 8. MCU starts to count a pre-defined power-off delay.
- Once power-off delay expired, another PWRBTN# pulse is issued to perform a soft-off for the system (ex. a normal shutdown process for Windows system).
- 10. The system is completely shut down.
- 11.As MCU detects system is off, it turns off the standby power for the system, and operates in low power mode again (< 2mW power consumption).



3.7.2 Additional Features of Ignition Power Control

In addition to the typical timing correlation, the ignition power control module offers additional features to provide additional reliability for in-vehicle applications.

1. Low battery detection

The ignition power control module continuously monitors the voltage of DC input when the system is operational. If input voltage is less than 9V (for 12VDC input) or less than 18V (for 24VDC input) over a 60-second duration, it will shut down the system automatically.

2. Guarded power-on/ power-off delay duration

If ignition signal goes inactive during the power-on delay duration, the ignition power control module will cancel the power-on delay process and go back to idle status. Likewise if ignition signal goes active during the power-off delay duration, the ignition power control module will cancel the power-off delay process and keep the system running.

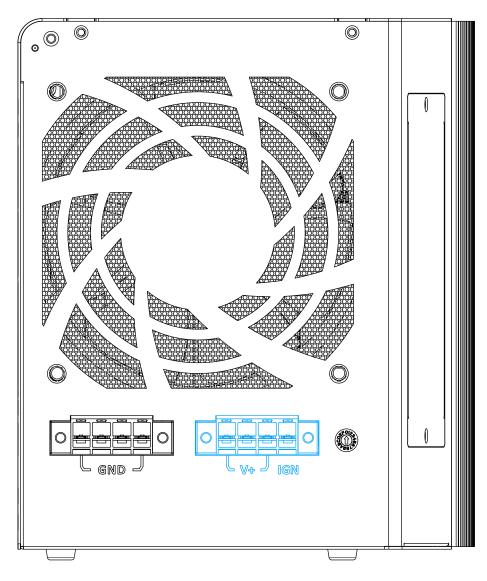
3. System hard-off

In some cases, system may fail to shutdown via a soft-off operation due to system/ application halts. The ignition power control module offers a mechanism called "hard-off" to handle this unexpected condition. By detecting the system status, it can determine whether the system is shutting down normally. If not, the ignition power control module will force cut-off the system power 10 minutes after the power-off delay duration.

4. Smart off-delay

The ignition power control module offers two modes (mode 13 & mode 14) which have very long power-off delay duration for applications require additional off-line time to process after the vehicle has stopped. In these two modes, the ignition power control module will automatically detect the system status during the power-off delay duration. If the system has shutdown (by the application software) prior to power-off delay expiring, it will cut off the system power immediately to prevent further battery consumption.





3.7.3 Wiring Ignition Signal

To have ignition power control for in-vehicle usage, you need to supply IGN signal to the system. The IGN input is located on the 4-pin pluggable terminal block (shared with DC power input). Below is the typical wiring configuration for in-vehicle applications.

- 1. Connect car Battery+ line (12V for sedan, 24V for bus/truck) to V+.
- 2. Connect car Batter-/ GND line to GND.
- 3. Connect ACC line to IGN.

Please make sure your DC power source and IGN signal share the same ground.

IGN input accepts 8~48VDC. Supply a voltage higher than 48VDC may damage the system.



3.7.4 Configure your Windows system

When applying ignition power control to your system, please make sure you've configured your Windows system to initiate a shutdown process when pressing the power button. By default, Windows 7/ 8/ 10 goes to sleep (S3) mode when power button is pressed. As sleep (S3) is not a complete shutdown behavior, the ignition control function does not recognize the finish of a normal shut down process and thus users will encounter a system hard-off (power cut-off after 10 minutes). Please configure "When I press the power button" to "Shut down" in your Windows system settings.

Power button settings



When I press the power button:

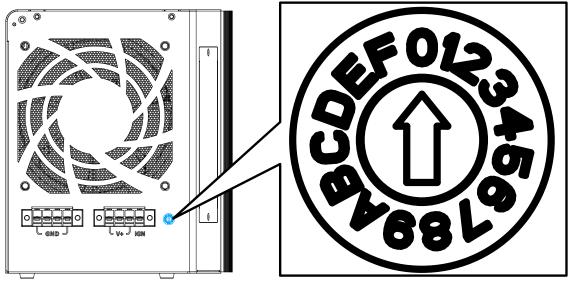
Shut down	-
Do nothing	
Sleep	
Hibernate	
Shut down	



3.7.5 Operation Modes of Ignition Power Control

You can use the rotary switch to configure the operation mode. The system offers 16 (0~15) operation modes with different power-on/power-off delay configurations.

The ignition control module is also BIOS-configurable. When rotary switch is set to mode 15 (0xF), the ignition power control is set to executed according to parameters configured in BIOS setup menu, which allows richer combination of power-on/ power-off delay and more detailed control parameters.



Mode 0

Mode 0 is the ATX mode without power-on and power-off delay. User can only use the power button on the front panel to turn on or turn off the system.

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
0	N/A	N/A	N/A

• Mode 1

Mode 1 is AT mode without power-on and power-off delay. The system automatically turns on when DC power is applied. A retry mechanism is designed to repeat the power-on cycle if the system fails to boot up.

Мо	ode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
	1	N/A	N/A	N/A

• Mode 2

Mode 2 is designed to have a very minor power on/ off delay of 160ms for applications that requires the system to start up almost at the same as the rest of the equipment it is working in collaboration with.

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
2	160ms	160ms	10 minutes



• Mode 3 ~ Mode 12

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout			
3	10 seconds	10 seconds	10 minutes			
4	10 seconds	1 minute	10 minutes			
5	10 seconds	5 minutes	10 minutes			
6	30 seconds	1 minute	10 minutes			
7	30 seconds	5 minutes	10 minutes			
8	30 seconds	10 minutes	10 minutes			
9	3 minutes	1 minute	10 minutes			
10 (A)	3 minutes	10 minutes	10 minutes			
11 (B)	3 minutes	30 minutes	10 minutes			
12 (C)	10 minutes	30 minutes	10 minutes			

Mode 3 ~ Mode 12 have various power-on delay and power-off delay. Each mode supports a hard-off timeout of 10 minutes.

• Mode 13 (D) / Mode 14 (E)

Mode 13 and Mode 14 are ignition power control modes with very long power-off delay. Both modes support the feature of "smart off-delay", which automatically detect system status during power-off delay duration and cut off system power if system is off in prior to power-off delay expired.

Mode	Power-on Delay	Power-off Delay	Hard-off Timeout
13 (D)	30 seconds	2 hours	10 minutes
14 (E)	3 minutes	2 hours	10 minutes



4 System Configuration

4.1 BIOS Settings

The system is shipped with factory-default BIOS settings meticulously programmed for optimum performance and compatibility. In this section, we'll illustrate some of BIOS settings you may need to modify. Please always make sure you understand the effect of change before you proceed with any modification. If you are unsure of the function you are changing, it is recommended to change one setting at a time to see its effect(s).





Not all BIOS settings will be discussed in this section. If a particular setting/ function you are after requires specific BIOS settings but is not discussed in this section, please contact Neousys Technical Support staff.



4.1.1 COM Port Configuration

The system's <u>COM1/ COM2</u> ports support RS-232 (full-duplex), RS-422 (full-duplex) and RS-485 (half-duplex) mode. You can set the COM1 operating mode via BIOS settings. Another option in BIOS called "*Slew Rate*" defines how sharp the rising/falling edge is for the output signal of COM1. For long-distance RS-422/ 485 transmission, you may set the "*Slew Rate*" option as "High" to improve signal quality. For RS-422/485 communication, the "*RS-422/ 485 Termination*" option determines whether to enable/disable internal termination of RS-422/485 transceiver according to your wiring configuration (e.g. with or without external termination).

la de la companya de		Nuvo-810	8GC Series Setup	Utility
Advanced				
Peripheral Configuration				
COM1 HS Hode Set COM1 as Slew Rate RS-422/485 Termination	< <	Enabled> Disabled> RS-232> Low> Disabled>		
COM2 HS Mode Set COM2 as Slew Rate RS-422/485 Termination	< <	Enabled> Disabled> RS-232> Low> Disabled>		
HD Audio	<	Enab led>	Set COH1 as RS-232 RS-422 RS-485	
F1 Help	1/1 Select I		F5/F6 Chan	—
Esc Exit	- +/→ Select I	tem	Enter Sele	ct 🕨 SubMenu

To set COM port operating mode:

- 1. Press F2 when the system boots up to enter the BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] \rightarrow [Peripheral Configuration].
- 3. Set the [Set COM1 Mode as] option to the desired mode.
- 4. Once set, press **F10** to save setting and exit.



4.1.2 COM Port High Speed Mode

The high speed mode of each COM port effectively allows for the port's baud rate generator to operate at 8x the speed with an effective baud rate of 921,600 bps (115,200 x 8). Please refer to the following instructions on how to enable the high speed mode for your COM port (COM1 used as an example).

		Nuvo-8108GC Series Setup Utility
Advanced		
Peripheral Configuration		
COM1		<enabled></enabled>
HS Mode		<disabled></disabled>
Set COM1 as		<rs-232></rs-232>
Slew Rate		<low></low>
RS-422/485 Termination	*	<disabled></disabled>
COM2		<enabled></enabled>
HS Mode	•	<disabled></disabled>
Set COM2 as		<rs-232></rs-232>
Slew Rate		<low></low>
RS-422/485 Termination	*	<disabled></disabled>
HD Audio		<enabled> HS Hode D is abled Enabled</enabled>
F1 Help	1/↓ Select	Item F5/F6 Change Values
Esc Exit	+/+ Select	

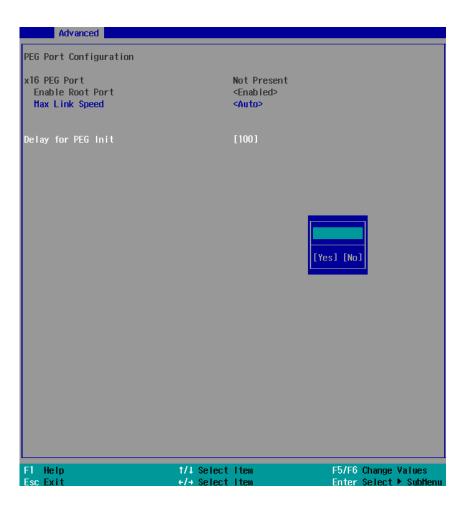
To set COM port high speed mode:

- 1. Press **F2** when the system boots up to enter the BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] > [Peripheral Configuration].
- 3. Enable or set the [Set COM1 Mode as] option to the desired mode.
- 4. Highlight **[HS Mode]** and press ENTER to bring up options, highlight **[Enable]** and press ENTER.
- 5. Once set, press **F10** to save setting and exit.



4.1.3 Delay for PEG Initialization

This setting offers delay in milliseconds for PEG port initialization and PCI enumeration. By increasing the delay value, it may eliminate compatibility issue(s) with some PCIe add-on cards.



To set PEG delay in milliseconds:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Advanced] > [System Agent (SA) Configuration] > [PEG Port Configuration] > [Delay for PEG Init] and press ENTER.
- 3. A small window appears and you may enter a maximum delay value of up to 30,000ms.
- 4. When done, press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes"



4.1.4 SATA Configuration

The SATA controller of your system supports two (2) operating modes: AHCI and Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration mode. The AHCI mode, which exposes SATA's advanced capabilities such as hot swapping and native command queuing, is supported in several later version of operating systems. The Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration mode allows the user to greatly accelerate SATA hard drive read/ write speeds by installing an Optane memory into the M.2 slot. Please refer to the section "Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration" for details.

		Nuvo-8108GC Se	ries Setup Utility	Rev. 5.0
Advanced				
SATA And RST Configuration				Determines how SATA controller(s) operate.
SATA Controller(s) SATA Mode Selection		<enabled> <ahcl></ahcl></enabled>		
SATA Port #1 Port Enable/Disable Hot Plug SATA Device Type		Empty <enabled> <disabled> <hard disk="" drive=""></hard></disabled></enabled>		
SATA Port #2 Port Enable/Disable Hot Plug SATA Device Type		Empty <enabled> <disabled> <hard disk="" drive=""></hard></disabled></enabled>		
mSATA Port Enable/Disable SATA Device Type	AHCI Intel R		e Selection el Optane System Acceler	ation
mSATA Port Enable/Disable SATA Device Type		< <mark>Enabled></mark> <solid drive="" state=""></solid>		
M.2 2280 H-key Port Enable/Disable SATA Device Type		Empty <enabled> <solid drive="" state=""></solid></enabled>		
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select +/+ Select		F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

Recommended SATA controller mode settings:

- If you're using Windows Vista, Windows 10, or Linux with kernel 4.15.18 or later, you can select AHCI mode for better performance.
- If you are looking for faster hard drive read/ write performance, please install an SSD (M.2, mPCIe, SATA) or install an Intel[®] OptaneTM memory for hard drive acceleration.



To set SATA controller mode:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] > [SATA Configuration].
- 3. Highlight the SATA, mSATA or M.2 port you wish to set and press ENTER to bring up setting options. Scroll to and highlight the setting you wish to set and press ENTER.

Advanced		Nuvo-8108GC S	eries Setup Utility
SATA And RST Configuration			
SATA Controller(s)		<enabled></enabled>	
SATA Mode Selection		<ahcts< td=""><td></td></ahcts<>	
SATA Port #1		Empty	
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>	
Hot Plug		<disabled></disabled>	
SATA Device Type		<hard disk="" drive=""></hard>	
SATA Port #2		Empty	
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>	
Hot Plug		<disabled></disabled>	
SATA Device Type		<hard disk="" drive=""></hard>	
mSATA		Empty SATA	Device Type
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>	
SATA Device Type		<solid d<="" hard="" stat="" td=""><td>isk Drive State Drive</td></solid>	isk Drive State Drive
mSATA		Empty	
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>	
SATA Device Type		<solid drive<="" state="" td=""><td>></td></solid>	>
M.2 2280 M-key		Empty	
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>	
SATA Device Type		<solid drive<="" state="" td=""><td>></td></solid>	>
F1 Help	t/↓ Select		F5/F6 Change Values
Esc Exit	+/+ Select	Item	Enter Select ► SubMer

- 4. Repeat step 3 to set other SATA ports.
- 5. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.5 Fan Control Configuration

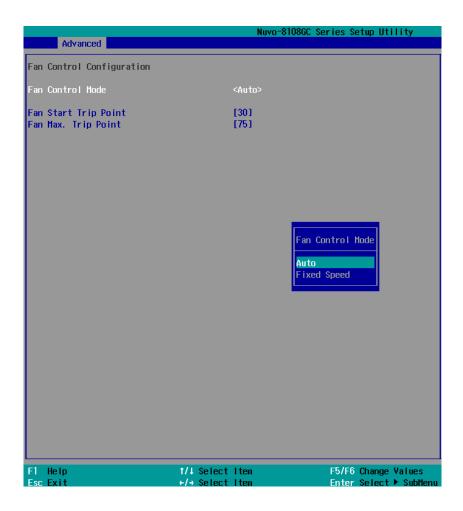
The fan control configuration allows users to set the fan operation mode to auto or fixed speeds operation. The auto mode configuration also offers minimum temperature setting to trigger the fan and the maximum temperature setting before the fan operates at 100% rotation speed.





To set Fan Control Configuration to Auto mode:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] > [Fan Control Configuration] and press ENTER.
- 3. To set auto fan control, highlight [Fan Control Mode] and press ENTER, highlight [Auto]



- 4. Use the up/ down arrow keys to highlight Fan Start Trip Point or Fan Max. Trip Point and press ENTER, a window appears and you may enter the temperature in degree Celsius.
 - Fan Start Trip Point: The minimum temperature which the fan being to operate
 - Fan Max. Trip Point: The maximum temperature where the fan begins to operate at 100% rotation speed

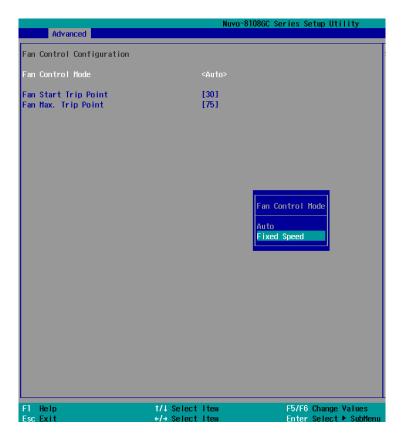


5. When done, press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



To set Fan Control Configuration to Fixed Speed mode:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Advanced] > [Fan Control Configuration] and press ENTER.
- 3. To set auto fan control, highlight [Fan Control Mode] and press ENTER, highlight [Fixed Speed].





- 4. Highlight **[Fan Speed]** and press ENTER.
- 5. A window appears and you may use the up/ down arrow keys to select between 20~100% as your fixed fan rotation speed.

	Nuvo-8108GC Series Setup Utility		
Advanced			
Fan Control Configuration			
Fan Control Mode	<fixed speed=""></fixed>		
Fan Speed	<60%>	Fan Speed 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%	
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/1 Select Item +/+ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	

6. When done, press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.6 **TPM** Availability

Trusted Platform Module (TPM) is a hardware-based cryptoprocessor to secure hardware by integrating cryptographic keys into devices. The system is designed with on-board TPM 2.0 module. As TPM 2.0 requires 64-bit Windows 7/8/10 with UEFI boot mode, it is disable in BIOS by default. For customers who want to utilize TPM feature, you will need to enable TPM in BIOS as well as install Windows with UEFI mode.

		Nuvo-8108GC Series Setup Utility
Main Advanced Security Pow	<mark>er Boot</mark> Ex	xit
Current TPM Device TPM State TPM Active PCR Hash Algorithm TPM Hardware Supported Hash Al BlOS Supported Hash Algorithm TrEE Protocol Version TPM Availability TPM Operation Clear TPM	gor i thu	<tpm (ftpm)="" 2.0=""> All Hierarchies Enabled, Owned SHA1, SHA256 SHA1, SHA256 SHA1, SHA256, SH3_256 <1.1> <available> <no operation=""> []</no></available></tpm>
Supervisor Password		Not Installed
Set Supervisor Password		TPH Availability Available Hidden
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select +/+ Select	

To enable TMP availability:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Security] > [TPM Availability], press ENTER to bring up Options, Available/ Hidden.
- 3. Highlight your selection, press ENTER and press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.7 Power On After Power Failure Option

This option defines the behavior of System series when DC power is supplied.

	y Power Boot Exit	Utility
CPU Configuration Power & Performance		
lake on LAN	<d i="" led="" sab=""></d>	
Power On after Power Fai	lure <\$5 - Power Off>	
	Power On after Power Fa SO - Power On S5 - Power Off	a i lure
F1 Help		nge Values
Esc Exit		nge Values ect ⊩ SubHenu
F1 Help Esc Exit Value S0 - Power On	+/→ Select Item Enter Sele	ect ▶ SubMenu

To set "Power On after Power Failure" option:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Power] > [Power On after Power Failure].
- 3. Scroll down to highlight **[Power On after Power Failure]**, press ENTER to bring up setting options, S0 Power On or S5 Power Off, and press ENTER to select the setting.
- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.8 **Power & Performance (CPU SKU Power Configuration)**

The system supports various 8th-Gen Coffee Lake LGA1151 CPUs. A unique feature, "**SKU Power Config**" is implemented in BIOS to allow users to specify user-defined SKU power limit. Although the system is designed to have best thermal performance with CPUs of 35W TDP, you can install a 65W CPU and limit its SKU power (to 35W) to obtain more computing power. This feature gives you the flexibility of CPU selection and great balance between computing power and operating temperature range.



To configure the CPU SKU power limit:

- 1. When the system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Power] \rightarrow [Power & Performance].
- 3. Select a proper value of SKU power limit for [SKU Power Config] option.
- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.9 Wake on LAN Option

Wake-on-LAN (WOL) is a mechanism which allows you to turn on your System series via Ethernet connection. To utilize Wake-on-LAN function, you have to enable this option first in BIOS settings. Please refer "<u>Powering On Using Wake-on-LAN</u>" to set up the system.



To enable/ disable "Wake on LAN" option:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Power]> [Wake on LAN].
- 3. Press ENTER to bring up setting options, scroll to the setting you desire and press ENTER to set.
- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes.



4.1.10 Boot Menu

The Boot menu in BIOS allows you to specify the system's boot characteristics by setting bootable device components (boot media) and method. Or, you may press F12 upon system start up and select a device you wish boot from.

		uvo-8108GC Series Setup Utility
	ity Power Boot Exit	
Boot Type Quick Boot Quiet Boot	<dual <br=""><enab ı<br=""><enab ı<br=""><di sab<="" th=""><th>ed></th></di></enab></enab></dual>	ed>
Network Stack PXE Boot capability Add Boot Options	<disab <disab <last></last></disab </disab 	
ACPI Selection USB Boot	<acp i5<br=""><erable< td=""><td>ed></td></erable<></acp>	ed>
EFI Device First Timeout Automatic Failover	<enabled> [3] <di isabled=""> </di></enabled>	
WDT for Booting	<d i="" sab<="" td=""><td></td></d>	
▶Legacy		
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubHenu
Value		
value	Option	Description
Boot Type	Option Dual Boot Type	
	-	Description
	-	DescriptionBoth legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media.Only legacy boot media listed are approved
	Dual Boot Type	DescriptionBoth legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media.
	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot	DescriptionBoth legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media.Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media.Only legacy boot media listed are approvedOnly legacy boot media listed are approved
<u>Boot Type</u>	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UEFI Boot Type	Description Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media.
	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type	Description Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. The system starts up faster because BIOS
<u>Boot Type</u>	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UEFI Boot Type Enabled	Description Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media.
<u>Boot Type</u>	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UEFI Boot Type	Description Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. The system starts up faster because BIOS various hardware function tests
<u>Boot Type</u>	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UEFI Boot Type Enabled	Description Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. The system starts up faster because BIOS various hardware function tests
<u>Boot Type</u>	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UEFI Boot Type Enabled	Description Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. The system starts up faster because BIOS various hardware function tests The system starts up slower because BIOS
Boot Type Quick Boot	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UEFI Boot Type Enabled Disabled	Description Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. The system starts up faster because BIOS various hardware function tests The system starts up slower because BIOS through various hardware functions tests
Boot Type Quick Boot	Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UEFI Boot Type Enabled Disabled	Description Both legacy and EFI boot media listed are approved as boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. Only legacy boot media listed are approved boot media. The system starts up faster because BIOS various hardware function tests The system starts up slower because BIOS through various hardware functions tests The system is available for network access



	1	
		using UEFI.
PXE Boot	Disabled	Only UEFI Network Stack is supported: Preboot
capability		eXecution Environment (PXE) is not supported
	Enabled	By enabling the PXE boot, one can choose to
		boot via I219 Only/ I210 Only or All NICs.
Add Boot Options	First	Newly detected boot media are placed at the top
		of the boot order.
	Last	Newly detected boot media are placed at the
		bottom of the boot order.
ACPI Selection	1.0B/ 3.0/ 4.0/	Advanced Configuration and Power Interface
	5.0/ 6.0	allows the operating system to control system
		power management
USB Boot	Enabled	Allow boot from bootable USB devices.
	Disabled	Does not allow boot from bootable USB devices
EFI Device First	Enabled	Set to boot bootable EFI media first.
	Disabled	Will not boot bootable EFI media first.
Timeout	1, 2, 3, etc (in	Boot delay time in seconds to give the user time
	seconds)	to activate the hotkey to access the BIOS
WDT for booting	Disabled, 1, 3, 5,	WDT ensures a successful system boot by
	10 (minutes)	specifying a timeout value



4.1.11 Boot Type (Legacy/ UEFI)

The system supports both Legacy and Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) boot modes. UEFI is a specification proposed by Intel to define a software interface between operating system and platform firmware. Most modern operating systems, such as Windows 7/8/10 and Linux support both Legacy and UEFI boot modes. The Legacy boot mode uses MBR partition for disk and VBIOS for video initialization, the UEFI boot mode uses GPT partition which supports greater than 2TB partition size and GOP driver for faster video initialization.

Hain Advanced Security Power Boot Exit Boot Type Oual Boot Type> Quick Boot Chabled> Chabled> Quick Boot Chabled> Chabled> Network Stack Olisabled> Chabled> PXE Boot capability Olisabled> Chabled> Add Boot Options Chast> Chabled> ACPI Selection Chabled> Chabled> USB Boot Erinbled> Chabled> EFI Device First Chabled> Presenter Timeout I31 Olisabled> WDT for Booting Olisabled> Boot Type PLegacy Use Boot Type Use Boot Type UBFI Boot Type Use Boot Type Use Boot Type UBFI Boot Type Use Boot Type Use Boot Type PLegacy VDI for Booting Olisabled> PLegacy Use Boot Type Use Boot Type UBFI Boot Type Fi Boot Type Use Tope			Nuvo-8	3108GC Series Setup Utility
Quick Boot Quick Boot Network Stack PXE Boot capability Add Boot Options Add Boot Options API Selection USB Boot F1 Device First Timeout [3] Automatic Failover VDT for Booting *Legacy *Legacy *Legacy *Legacy *Legacy *Legacy *Legacy *Legacy	Main Advanced Security	Power Boot		
	Boot Type Quick Boot Quiet Boot Network Stack PXE Boot capability Add Boot Options ACPI Selection USB Boot EFI Device First Timeout Automatic Failover WDT for Booting		 Oual Boot Chabled> Chisabled> Oisabled> Oisabled> Last> Acpi5.0> Chabled> Tabled> 	Boot Type Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type
Esc Exit +/→ Select Item Enter Select ▶ SubMen	F1 Help Esc Exit			F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu

NOTE

If you choose Legacy mode, you will not be able to create disk partitions greater than 2TB or use TPM 2.0 function.

To configure Boot Type:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to **[Boot]>[Boot Type]**, press Enter to bring up options, Dual Boot (Legacy+UEFI), Legacy Boot Type, UEFI Boot Type.
- 3. Highlight your selection and press Enter.
- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes".



4.1.12 Position New Boot Device

The "Add Boot Options" allow you to determine whether a newly added device (eg. USB flash disk) is to boot as the first device to boot or the last in the boot sequence.

To set the newly-installed boot device as the first or last boot device:

- 1. Press **F2**when the system boots up to enter the BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to [Boot] > [Add Boot Options] menu.
- 3. Select [First], [Last] or [Auto] for your newly-added boot device and press ENTER.

		Nuvo-81	108GC Series Setup Utility
Main Advanced Security Powe	r Boot E	xit	
Hain Advanced Security Powe Boot Type Quick Boot Quiet Boot Network Stack PXE Boot capability Add Boot Options ACP1 Selection USB Boot EF1 Device First Timeout Automatic Failover WDT for Booting ▶Legacy	7 Boot 5		
	1/↓ Select +/+ Select		F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu

4. Once set, press **F10** to save setting and exit.



4.1.13 Watchdog Timer for Booting

The watchdog timer secures the boot process by means of a timer. Once the timer expires, a reset command is issued to initiate another booting process. There are two options in BIOS menu, "*Automatically after POST*" and "*Manually after Entering OS*". When "*Automatically after POST*" is selected, the BIOS automatically stops the watchdog timer after POST (Power-On Self Test) OK. When "*Manually after Entering OS*" is selected, the user must stop the watchdog timer once booted into the OS. This guarantees the system can always boot into the OS, otherwise another booting process will be initiated. For information about programming watchdog timer, please refer to <u>Watchdog Timer & Isolated DIO</u>.

	Nuvo-8	8108GC Series Setup Utility
Main Advanced Security		
Boot Type Quick Boot Quiet Boot Network Stack PXE Boot capability Add Boot Options ACPI Selection USB Boot EFI Device First Timeout Automatic Failover WDT for Booting PLegacy	 Duer Boot Exit Qual Boot Crabled> Qisabled> 	Type> WDT for Booting Disabled 1 Hin. 3 Hin. 5 Hin. 10 Hin.
F1 Help Esc Exit	†/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu

To set the watchdog timer for boot in BIOS:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- 2. Go to **[Boot]** menu.
- 3. Disable or select timeout value for **[WDT for Booting]** option.
- 4. Once you give a timeout value, the **[WDT Stop Option]** option appears. You can select *"Automatically after POST"* or *"Manually after Entering OS"*.
- 5. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes.



4.1.14 Legacy/ UEFI Boot Device

When you wish to set a designated boot device, you may set it as the first device to boot in Legacy setting. Or if you wish to manually select a Legacy boot device, you may do so by pressing F12 when the system boots up.



To select boot order for devices in Legacy Boot Device:

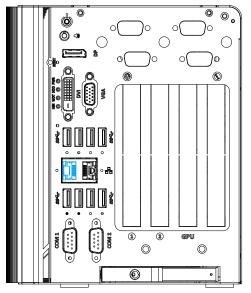
- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility
- Go to [Boot] > [Legacy], you can choose the type of device to list by selecting "By Device or By Device Type".
- 3. Highlight the device you wish to make boot order changes to and press F5/ F6 or +/ to change device boot order.



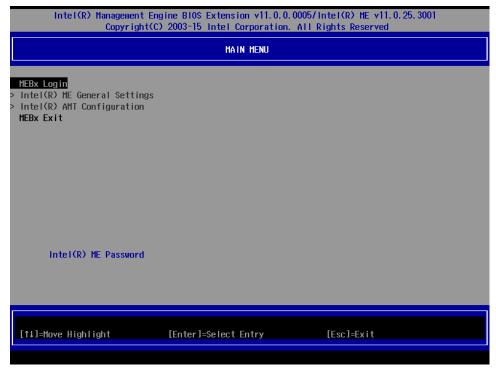
4.2 AMT Configuration

Intel® AMT (Active Management Technology) is a hardware-based technology for remotely managing target PCs via Ethernet connection. The system supports AMT function via its Ethernet port implemented with Intel I219-LM. Prior to using the AMT function to remotely control the system, you need to configure AMT password and network settings.

1. Connect Ethernet cable tol219-LM Ethernet port(indicated in blue).



2. When the system boots up, press F10 to enter the MEBx configuration menu.



3. Highlight MEBx Login and press Enter, a prompt will appear asking for password. The default password is "admin". For further MEBx configuration details, please refer to Intel® MEBX User Guide.



4.3 RAID Configuration

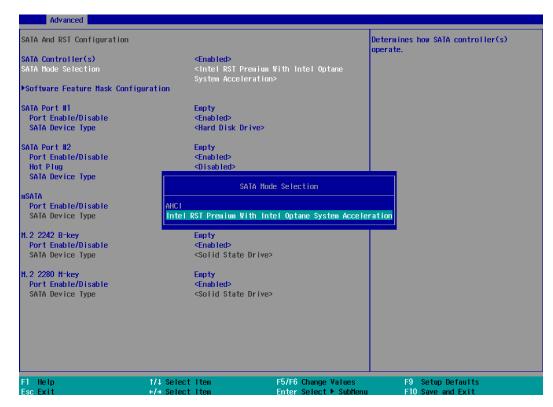
To set up a RAID 0 or 1 volume in Legacy or UEFI mode, you need to have at least two hard drives or SSDs installed. The system supports RAID configurations in RAID 0 (striping) or RAID 1 (mirror) mode. Users can select the configuration that best suit their needs with RAID 0 (striping) mode offering better hard drive read/ write performances while RAID 1 (mirror) offers better data security.

Please back up hard drive data before you create or modify RAID volume(s) as the process may cause irreversible data deletion. When creating a RAID volume, it is also recommended to use hard drives from the same batch (same brand, model, capacity, rpm rate, etc.) to avoid performance or capacity allocation issues.

4.3.1 Legacy Mode RAID Configuration

To set up RAID configuration, you need to pre-configure the SATA mode setting in the BIOS. Please refer to the following steps:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Advanced] > [SATA And RST Configuration] > [SATA Mode Selection] > highlight [Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration] and press ENTER.



3. Go to [Boot] > highlight [Legacy Boot Type] and press ENTER to set boot type.

Main Advanced Security	Power Boot Exit		
Hain Advanced Security Boot Type Quick Boot Quick Boot XE Boot Options AdPl Selection ISB Boot EFI Device First Timeout Automatic Failover NDT for Booting	Power Boot Exit Chabled> I31 Oisabled> I31 Oisabled> Oisabled> Oisabled>	ot Type> Boot Type Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UEF1 Boot Type	Select boot type to Dual type, Legacy type or UEFI type
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes" and reboot the system.
- 5. When the system reboots, press **[Ctrl + I]** to enter the RAID configuration utility.
- 6. Once you're in the Configuration Utility, highlight [Create RAID Volume] and press ENTER.

RAID Vo None de	2. Delete 3. Reset D lumes:	T HAIN H RAID Volume RAID Volume isks to Non-RAID T DISK/VOLUME I	4. Recovery Volume Options 5. Acceleration Options 6. Exit	
ID De Ø Sa		Serial # 0 S39FNCAJ401483A 0 S39FNCAJ401481T	Size Type/Status(Vol 476.9GB Non-RAID Disk 476.9GB Non-RAID Disk	ID)

 The following screen allows you to enter the Name of the RAID volume you wish to create. Enter a name and press ENTER to access the RAID Level setting.

Copyright (C) Intel	Technology - Option ROM - 16.7.0.3513 Corporation. All rights reserved. REATE VOLUME MENU 1
RAID Level:	953.9 GB
Enter a unique volume na 16	——[HELP]———— me that has no special characters and is characters or less.

 For RAID Level, use the up and down arrow key to select between RAID0 (Stripe) or RAID1 (Mirror) settings. Select a RAID mode and press ENTER to access Stripe Size setting (not applicable to Mirror mode).

Copyright (C) Intel [C Name: RAID Level:	953.9 GB
RAID 0: S	Tripes data (performance).

 For Stripe Size, use the up and down arrow key to select between 4KB, 8KB, 16KB, 32KB, 64KB, 128KB for your RAID volume stripe size and press ENTER to access the Capacity setting.

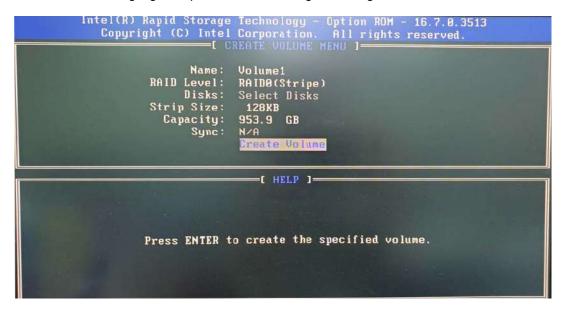
*RAID1(Mirror) does not offer Stripe Size options.

Copyright (C) Intel	Technology - Option ROM - 16.7.0.3513 Corporation. All rights reserved. REATE VOLUME MENU]
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 RAIDO(Stripe) Select Disks 128KB 953.9 GB
	[HELP]
	owing are typical values: RAIDO – 128KB RAID10 – 64KB RAID5 – 64KB

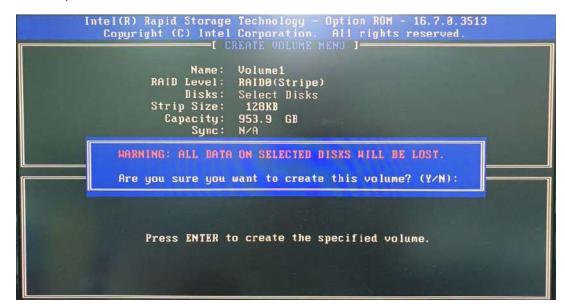
10. You may enter the RAID volume capacity you wish to create at this step and press the Enter key to complete your RAID settings. By default, the maximum capacity will be applied. Once you have entered a capacity, press ENTER to confirm.

Copyright (C) Intel	Technology - Option ROM - 16.7.0.3513 Corporation. All rights reserved. REATE VOLUME MENU 1
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 RAIDO(Stripe) Select Disks 128KB GB
disks. Entering a lover	ES the maximum capacity using the selected capacity allows you to create a second ume on these disks.
vol	ume on these disks.

11.Reviewed your settings and if you wish to change any setting(s), you will need to press [ESC] and start again from **Step 5**.If all settings are correct and you wish to continue, with "**Create Volume**" highlighted, press ENTER to begin creating the RAID volume.



12.A data deletion warning will appear, enter "Y" to continue and "N" to stop the volume creation process.



13.Once the RAID volume has been created, the configuration utility will bring you back to the main screen showing the RAID volume and their member disks.

DOID	2. Delete RA	ID Volume ID Volume ID Volume ks to Non-RAID I DISK/VOLUME	4. 5. 6.	Recovery Volume Opt Acceleration Option Exit TON J	
ID Ø	Name Volume1	Level RAIDO(Stripe)		Size Status 953.9GB <mark>Normal</mark>	Bootable Yes
Phys ID Ø 1	ical Devices: Device Model Samsung SSD 850 Samsung SSD 850	S39FNCAJ401483A		Size Type/Statu 476.9GB Member Dis 476.9GB Member Dis	.k(0)

14. The above process was to create a RAID-0 volume. If you wish to create a RAID-1 volume, please perform steps 5 to 13 in this section and select RAID-1 during step 8.



4.3.2 UEFI Mode RAID Configuration

To enable RAID functionality in UEFI mode:

- 1. When system boots up, press F2 to enter BIOS setup utility.
- Go to [Advanced] > [SATA And RST Configuration] > [SATA Mode Selection] > highlight [Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration] and press ENTER.

Advanced				
SATA And RST Configuration				Determines how SATA controller(s) operate.
SATA Controller(s)		<enabled></enabled>		uper a ce.
SATA Mode Selection		<intel premium<="" rst="" td=""><td></td><td></td></intel>		
▶Software Feature Mask Con		System Acceleration:		
SATA Port #1		Empty		
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>		
SATA Device Type		<hard disk="" drive=""></hard>		
SATA Port #2	1	Empty		
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>		
Hot Plug		<d i="" led="" sab=""></d>		
SATA Device Type		SATA Mode	e Selection	
mSATA Port Enable/Disable SATA Device Type	AHCI Intel R		el Optane System Accele	ration
M. 2 2242 B-key		Empty		
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>		
SATA Device Type		<solid drive="" state=""></solid>		
M.2 2280 M-key		Empty		
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>		
SATA Device Type		<solid drive="" state=""></solid>		
F1 Help	1/↓ Select		F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults
Esc Exit	+/+ Select	ltem	Enter Select ► SubMenu	F10 Save and Exit

3. Go to [Boot], highlight [UEFI Boot Type] and press ENTER to set boot type.

Main Advanced Security Pow	er Boot Exit		
Boot Type Quick Boot Quiet Boot Network Stack PXE Boot capability Add Boot Options ACPI Selection USB Boot EFI Device First Timeout Automatic Failover WDT for Booting	 UEF1 Boot Cnabled> Cnabled> Oisabled> Clast> Acpi5.0> Cnabled> Cnabled> Sabled> (1 is abled) (3) (3) is abled> (4) is abled> (5) is abled> (4) is abled> (5) is abled> (5) is abled> 	Type> Boot Type Dual Boot Type Legacy Boot Type UFF I Boot Type	Select boot type to Dual type, Legacy type or UEF1 type
F1 Help Esc Exit	1/↓ Select Item +/→ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save and Exit

- 4. Press F10 to "Exit Saving Changes" and reboot the system.
- 5. When the system reboots, press [F3] to enter the Configuration Utility.
- 6. Once you're in the Configuration Utility, highlight [Intel® Rapid Storage Technology] and press ENTER.



7. The following screen shows Non-RAID physical disks and the option "Create RAID

Volume". Highlight "**Create RAID Volume**" and press ENTER to begin creating your RAID volume.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Inter(k) kapid Storag			
Intel(R) RST 16.7.0.35	13 RAID Driver		This page allows you to create a RAID volume
▶Create RAID Volume			
	s: 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 4 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 4		
F1 Help	1/1 Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults

8. The Name option allows you to name your RAID volume. Press ENTER when ready to go to the next option.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Inter(k) kapid storage lechnology			
Create RAID Volume			Enter a unique volume name that has no special characters and is 16 characters
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>		or less.
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PR0 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PR0 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	<		
Strip Size: Capacity (MB):	<16KB> [0]		
▶Create Volume			
Select at least two disks			
	ect Item ect Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ► SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save

 The RAID Level option allows you to select RAID-0 (stripping) or RAID-1 (mirror) for your RAID volume. Press ENTER when ready.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology	Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology	
Create RAID Volume		Select RAID Level
Name: RAID Level:	<mark>Volume1</mark> <raido (stripe)=""></raido>	
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	<	
Strip Size: Capacity (MB):	<16KB> [0]	
▶Create Volume	RAID Level:	
Select at least two disks	RAIDO (Stripe) RAIDI (Hirror) Recovery	
	ect Item F5/F6 Change Values ect Item Enter Select ▶ SubMer	F9 Setup Defaults nu F10 Save

10. The Select Disks option allows you to select disk drives for your RAID volume. Highlight a drive and press ENTER, use up/ down arrow keys to highlight "x" and press ENTER to confirm the selection. A minimum of two disk drives must be selected for RAID-0 or RAID-1 configuration. Press ENTER when ready.

	Intel(R) R	apid Storage Technology		
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology				
Create RAID Volume			X - to Select Disk	
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe<="" td=""><td>)></td><td></td><td></td></raido>)>		
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	<x> <x></x></x>			
Strip Size: Capacity (MB);	<64KB> [976768]			
X	TA 0.1, Samsung SSD 8	50 PRO 512GB \$39FNCAJ401481T	, 476.96B	
•	Select Item Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values Enter Select ▶ SubMenu	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save	

11. The Stripe Size option allows you to configure the stripe size of your RAID volume. Available stripe sizes are 4KB, 8KB, 16KB, 32KB, 64KB, 128KB, use the up and down arrow keys to highlight and press ENTER to confirm the stripe size selection.

*RAID1(Mirror) does not offer Stripe Size options.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology	Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology	
Create RAID Volume		Strip size help
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>	
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 5126B S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.96B SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 5126B S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.96B	<\$> <\$>	
Strip Size: Capacity (HB): ▶Create Volume	<pre><64KB> [9767683] </pre> Strip Size: 4KB 8kB 16KB 32KB 64KB 128KB	
F1 Help t/J Sele Esc Exit +/+ Sele		F9 Setup Defaults nu F10 Save

12. The Capacity (MB) option allows you to configure the storage capacity of your RAID volume. By default, the full storage capacity will be applied. Once you have entered a capacity, press ENTER to confirm.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Create RAID Volume		Capacity in MB	
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>		
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	⊲>		
Strip Size: Capacity (MB):	< <mark>64КВ></mark> [976768]		
►Create Volume	976768 [Yes] [No]		
	lect Item F5/F6 Change		

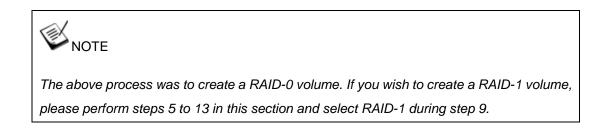
 The Create Volume option is the final step in the volume creation process. Highlight "Create Volume" and press ENTER to begin creating your RAID volume base on the settings you just configured.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology			
Create RAID Volume			Create a volume with the settings specified above
Name: RAID Level:	Volume1 <raido (stripe)=""></raido>		
Select Disks: SATA 0.0, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401483A, 476.9GB SATA 0.1, Samsung SSD 850 PRO 512GB S39FNCAJ401481T, 476.9GB	<x> <x></x></x>		
Strip Size: Capacity (MB):	<64KB> [976768]		
▶Create Volume			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	lect Item	F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults F10 Save

14. A summary and status of the RAID volume will be shown when the RAID volume is successfully created.

	Intel(R)	Rapid Storage Technology	
Intel(R) Rapid Storage Techn	ology		
Intel(R) RST 16.7.0.3513 RAID	Driver		Select to see more information about the RAID Volume
<mark>RAID Volumes:</mark> ⊁Volume1, RAIDO (Stripe), 953	. 968, Nornal		
F1 Help	1/↓ Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults
Esc Exit	+/→ Select Item	Enter Select ► SubMenu	F10 Save

15. Press F10 to save and Esc to exit the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology configuration page.





5 OS Support and Driver Installation

5.1 Operating System Compatibility

The system supports most operating system developed for Intel® x86 architecture. The following list contains the operating systems which have been tested by Neousys Technology.

- Microsoft Window 10 (x64)
- Fedora 29**
- Ubuntu 16.04.5 LTS** & Ubuntu18.04.0 LTS**

NOTE

For other Linux OS, Linux kernel should upgrade to 4.15.18.

*For Linux system, user may need to manually compile and install the driver for Intel graphics or I210 GbE controller if the driver is not embedded in kernel. You can visit Intel website for further information.

** For distributions, graphics driver and RAID function may not be completely implemented in its kernel. You may encounter restrictions when using these features, such as triple independent display and RAID. For optimum operation, it is the users' responsibility to manually check for new drivers and upgrades!

Neousys may remove or update operating system compatibility without prior notice. Please contact us if your operating system of choice is not on the list.



5.2 Driver Installation

The system comes with a "Drivers & Utilities" DVD that offers "one-click" driver installation process. It automatically detects your Windows operating system and installs all necessary drivers for you system with a single click.

5.2.1 Install Drivers Automatically

The system comes with a "Drivers & Utilities" DVD that offers "one-click" driver installation process. It automatically detects your Windows operating system and installs all necessary drivers for you system with a single click.

To install drivers automatically, please refer to the following procedures.

 Insert the "Drivers & Utilities" DVD into a USB DVD-drive connect to your system. A setup utility launches and the following dialog appears.



Click on "**Automatic Driver Installation**" and the setup utility will automatically detect your Windows operating system and install all necessary drivers. The installation process takes about 6~8 minutes depending on your Windows version. Once driver installation is done, the setup utility reboots your Windows and you may begin using your system.



5.2.2 Install Drivers Manually

You can also manually install each driver for the system. Please note when installing drivers manually, you need to install the drivers in the following sequence mentioned below.

Windows 10 (x64)

The recommended driver installation sequence is

- 1. Chipset driver (x:\Driver_Pool\Chipset_10_APL\Win_ALL\SetupChipset.exe)
- 2. Graphics driver (x:\Driver_Pool\Graphics_SKL_APL\Win_7_8_10_APL_64\Setup.exe)
- 3. Audio driver (x:\Driver_Pool\Audio_ALC262\Win_ALL_64\Setup.exe)
- LAN driver
 (x:\Driver_Pool\GbE_I210_I350\Win_ALL_64\APPS\PROSETDX\Win10_x64\DxSetup.e xe)
- 5. ME driver (x:\Driver_Pool\ME_10_Series\Win_ALL_AMT\SetupME.exe)



5.3 Driver Installation for Watchdog Timer Control

Neousys provides a driver package which contain function APIs for Watchdog Timer control function. You should install the driver package (WDT_DIO_Setup.exe) in prior to use these functions. Please note that you must install WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.x or later versions.

Windows 10 (x64)

Please execute the driver setup program in the following directory.

x:\Driver_Pool\WDT_DIO\Win7_8_64\WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.x(x64).exe

Windows 10 (WOW64)

Please execute the driver setup program in the following directory.

x:\Driver_Pool\WDT_DIO\Win7_8_WOW64\WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.x(wow64).exe



5.4 Intel[®] Optane[™] Memory BIOS Setup and Driver Installation

The system is compatible with Intel[®] Rapid Storage Technology that supports the installation of Intel[®] OptaneTM memory to significantly boost traditional hard disk drive read and write performances. Intel® OptaneTM memory is Intel® RST's latest system acceleration solution featuring a dual-media/disk combination (ultrafast media for file and block caching + slow media for storage capacity) that is presented to the host OS as a single SSD. The ultrafast media utilizes PCIe NVMe SSDs that are based on Intel® OptaneTM technology with read speed of up to 3000Mb/ sec and write speed of up to 2000Mb/ sec.

To setup Intel[®] Optane[™] memory, please perform the following steps:

- 1. Press the power button to startup your system (please restart if your system is already up and running) and press F2 to enter BIOS.
- 2. Go to "Advanced > SATA And RST Configuration".



3. Go to "SATA Mode Selection", press the Enter key to bring up options, select "Intel RST Premium With Intel Optane System Acceleration" and press ENTER to select the option.

Advanced			
SATA And RST Configuration			Determines how SATA controller(s) operate.
SATA Controller(s)	<enabled></enabled>		operate.
SATA Mode Selection		emium With Intel Optane	
	System Accele		
Software Feature Mask Conf	iguration		
ATA Port #1	Empty		
Port Enable/Disable	<enabled></enabled>		
SATA Device Type	<hard disk="" dr<="" td=""><td>ive></td><td></td></hard>	ive>	
ATA Port #2	Empty		
Port Enable/Disable	<enabled></enabled>		
Hot Plug	<disabled></disabled>		
SATA Device Type	SA SA	TA Mode Selection	
SATA			
Port Enable/Disable	AHC I		
SATA Device Type	Intel RST Premium Wi	th Intel Optane System Accele	ration
1. 2	Empty		
Port Enable/Disable	<enabled></enabled>		
SATA Device Type	<solid state<="" td=""><td>Drive></td><td></td></solid>	Drive>	
1 Help	1/1 Select Item	F5/F6 Change Values	F9 Setup Defaults
sc Exit	+/→ Select Item	Enter Select ► SubMenu	



4. Go to "M.2 2280 NVMe Storage Device" and press the Enter key to bring up the selection, select "RST Controlled" and press the Enter key to select the option.

Advanced			
SATA And RST Configuration			
SATA Controller(s)		<enabled></enabled>	
SATA Mode Selection		<intel <sup="" premium="" rst="">1 System Acceleration</intel>	
M.2 2280 NVMe Storage Device		<rst controlled=""></rst>	
▶Software Feature Mask Configur	ation		
SATA Port #1		Empty	
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>	
SATA Device Type		<hard disk="" drive=""></hard>	
SATA Port #2		Empty	
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>	
Hot Plug SATA Device Type		<disab <hard 2="" 2280="" m.="" nvm<="" td=""><td>a Staraga Dovica</td></hard></disab 	a Staraga Dovica
зни вечисе туре			
mSATA		Empty RST Controll	
Port Enable/Disable		<enabl cont<="" not="" rst="" td=""><td>rolled</td></enabl>	rolled
SATA Device Type		<solid< td=""><td></td></solid<>	
М. 2		Empty	
Port Enable/Disable		<enabled></enabled>	
SATA Device Type		<solid drive="" state=""></solid>	
F1 Help	t∕↓ Select	Item	F5/F6 Change Values
Esc Exit	+/→ Select	ltem	Enter Select ▶ SubMenu

- 5. Press F10 to save and exit, and allow the system to boot into Windows.
- 6. In Windows, download Intel® RST driver if you don't already have it on hand. Right-click

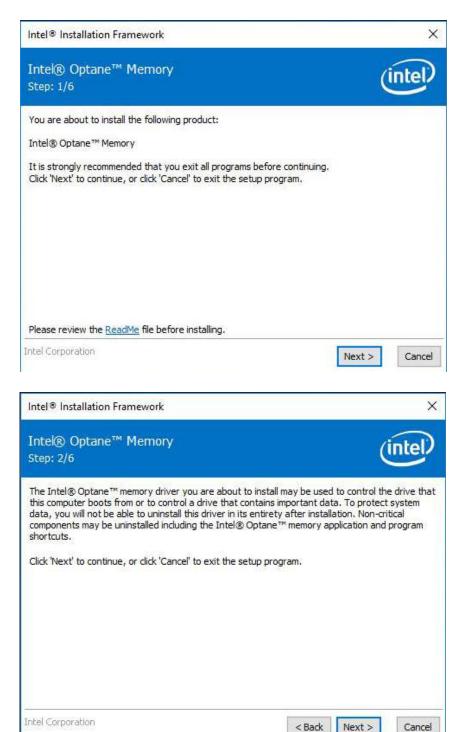
on the SetupOptaneMemory.exe



and left-click on "Run as administrator" to

execute the setup file.

7. Follow the 6 step setup procedure as instructed.





8. Check the "I accept the terms in the License Agreement" box and click on "Next >" to continue the installation process.

Intel® Installation Framework	
Intel® Optane™ Memory Step: 3/6	(intel.
LIMITATION MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. YOU MAY VARY FROM JURISDICTION TO JURISDICTION. TERMINATION OF THIS AGREEMENT. Intel may to violate its terms. Upon termination, you will immed copies of the Software to Intel. APPLICABLE LAWS. Claims arising under this Agree Delaware, excluding its principles of conflict of law Contracts for the Sale of Goods. You may not exp export laws and regulations. Intel is not obligated are in writing and signed by an authorized repress GOVERNMENT RESTRICTED RIGHTS. The Softwar Use, duplication, or disclosure by the Government FAR52.227-14 and DFAR252.227-7013 et seq. o Government constitutes acknowledgment of Intel Manufacturer is Intel Corporation, 2200 Mission C	ALSO HAVE OTHER LEGAL RIGHTS THAT erminate this Agreement at any time if you diately destroy the Software or return all eement will be governed by the laws of ws and the United Nations Convention on port the Software in violation of applicable d under any other agreements unless they entative of Intel. re is provided with "RESTRICTED RIGHTS." t is subject to restrictions as set forth in r its successor. Use of the Software by the "s proprietary rights therein. Contractor or
☑ I accept the terms in the License Agreement.	
ntel Corporation	< Back Next > Cance
Intel® Installation Framework	:
Intel® Optane™ Memory Step: 4/6	intel
You are about to install the following components:	
Intel® Optane™ Memory	
Click 'Next' to install to the default folder, or click '	Change' to choose another destination folder.
C:\Program Files\Intel\Intel(R) Optane Memory	
	Change
Create a desktop shortcut	
ntel Corporation	< Back Next > Cance



Nuvo-8108GC

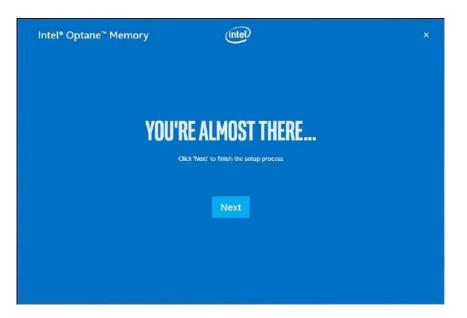
Intel® Installation Framework	
Intel® Optane™ Memory Step: 5/6	(intel)
Please wait while the product is being installed.	
Intel Corporation	

9. When done, click on "Finish" and restart the system.

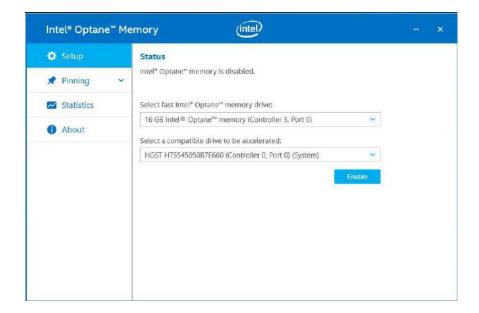
Intel®	Installation Framework	×
Intek Step:	® Optane™ Memory 6/6	(intel)
	You have successfully installed the following product:	
	Intel® Optane™ Memory	
	Please restart your PC to implement these changes. Would you like to rest now?	art your PC
	• Yes, I want to restart this computer now.	
	\bigcirc No, I will restart this computer later.	
	Note: A restart (not 'Shut down') is required to complete the installation pro	ocess.
Intel Co	rporation	Finish



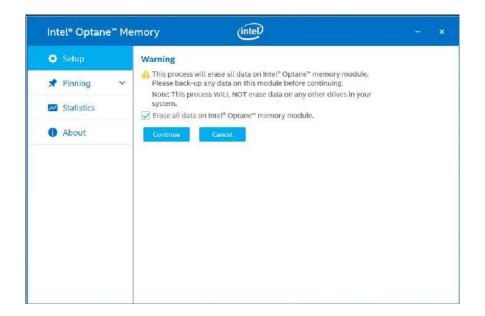
10. Upon system restart, the following initialization screen will appear. Click on Next to continue.



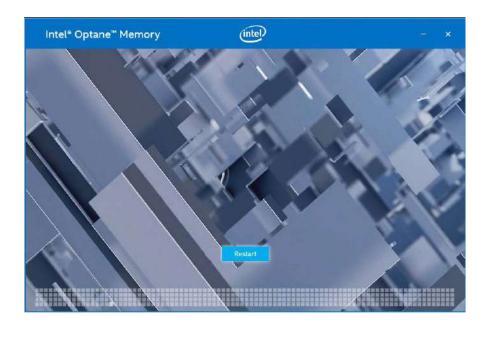
 In the Setup section, you will see your Intel® Optane[™] memory drive and compatible drive(s) that can be accelerated. Click on the downward arrow to bring up a selection of drives to be accelerated. Click on "Enable" when ready.



12. The data backup warning will appear, please backup any data you may have stored on your Intel® Optane[™] memory module before proceeding. Check the box "Erase all data on Intel® Optane[™] memory module" and click on Continue.



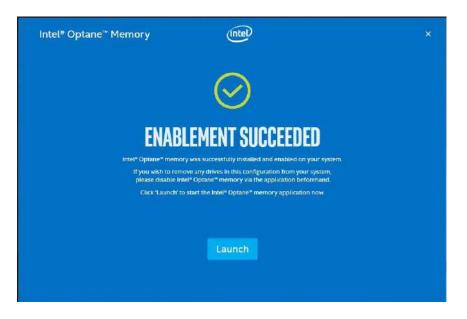
 When the Intel® Optane[™] memory module has been enabled, the installation window and a notification window at the bottom right corner will prompt you to restart the system.



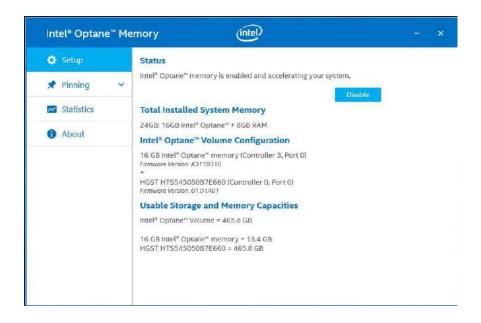
Intel® Optane™ Memory	×
Operation completed	
Please restart your computer to compl	ete the process.
	Restart



 Upon system restart, a successful enablement message will appear to indicate the Intel® Optane[™] memory module has been enable successfully.



15. Once enabled, the RST software Setup section should show your configuration information.





Appendix A Using WDT & DIO

The watchdog timer (WDT) function to ensure reliable system operation. The WDT is a hardware mechanism to reset the system if the watchdog timer is expired. Users can start the WDT and keeping resetting the timer to make sure the system or program is running. Otherwise, the system shall be reset.

In this section, we'll illustrate how to use the function library provided by Neousys to program the WDT functions. Currently, WDT driver library supports Windows 10 x64 and WOW64 platform. For other OS support, please contact Neousys Technology for further information.

Installing WDT_DIO Library

The WDT_DIO function library is delivered in the form of a setup package named **WDT_DIO_Setup.exe**. In prior to program WDT, you should execute the setup program and install the WDT library. Please use the following WDT_DIO_Setup packages according to your operating systems and application.

- For Windows 10 64-bit OS with 64-bit application (x64 mode), please install WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.11(x64).exe or later version.
- For Windows 10 64-bit OS with 32-bit application (WOW64 mode), please install WDT_DIO_Setup_v2.2.9.11(wow64).exe or later version.



WDT and DIO Library Installation

To setup WDT & DIO Library, please follow instructions below.

1. Execute **WDT_DIO_Setup.2.2.9.11.exe**. and the following dialog appears.

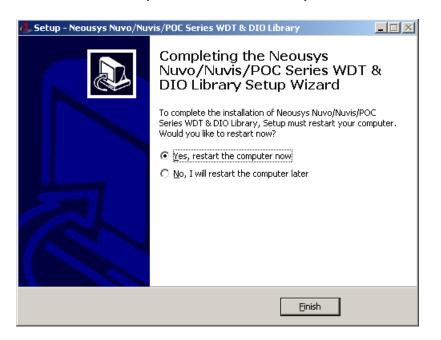
🦺 Setup - Neousys Nuvo/Nuv	ris/POC Series WDT & DIO Library
	Welcome to the Neousys Nuvo/Nuvis/POC Series WDT & DIO Library Setup Wizard
	This will install Neousys Nuvo/Nuvis/POC Series WDT & DIO Library version Ver. 2.0 on your computer.
	It is recommended that you close all other applications before continuing.
	Click Next to continue, or Cancel to exit Setup.
	Next > Cancel

 Click "Next >" and specify the directory of installing related files. The default directory is C:\Neousys\WDT_DIO.

🦺 Setup - Neousys Nuvo/Nuvis/POC Series WDT & DIO Library	×
Select Destination Location Where should Neousys Nuvo/Nuvis/POC Series WDT & DIO Library be installed?	3
Setup will install Neousys Nuvo/Nuvis/POC Series WDT & DIO Library into the following folder.	
To continue, click Next. If you would like to select a different folder, click Browse.	
C:\Weousys\WDT_DIO Browse	
At least 5.6 MB of free disk space is required.	
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel	



 Once the installation has finished, a dialog will appear to prompt you to reboot the system. The WDT & DIO library will take effect after the system has rebooted.



4. When programming your WDT or DIO program, the related files are located in

Header File:	\Include
Library File:	\Lib
Function	\Manual
Reference:	
Sample Code:	\Sample\WDT_Demo (Demo for Watchdog Timer)

 $\Box\Box$



WDT Functions

InitWDT

Syntax	BOOL InitWDT(void);
Description:	Initialize the WDT function. You should always invoke InitWDT() before set or start watchdog timer.
Parameter	None
Return Value	TRUE: Successfully initialized
	FALSE: Failed to initialize
Usage	BOOL bRet = InitWDT()

SetWDT

Syntax	BOOL SetWDT(WORD tick, BYTE unit);
Description	Set timeout value and unit for watchdog timer. When InitWDT()
Decemption	is invoked, a default timeout value of 255 seconds is assigned.
Devenueter	tick
Parameter	WORD value (1 ~ 65535) to indicate timeout ticks.
	unit
	BYTE value (0 or 1) to indicate unit of timeout ticks.
	0 : unit is minute
	1: unit is second
Return Value	If value of unit is correct (0 or 1), this function returns TRUE,
	otherwise FALSE.
Usage	WORD tick=255;
	BYTE unit=1; //unit is second.
	BOOL bRet = SetWDT(tick, unit); //timeout value is 255
	seconds



StartWDT

Syntax	BOOL StartWDT(void);
Description	Starts WDT countdown. Once started, the WDT LED indicator will begin blinking. If ResetWDT() or StopWDT is not invoked before WDT countdowns to 0, the WDT expires and the system resets.
Parameter	None
Return Value	If the timeout value is given in correct format (WDT started), this function returns TRUE, otherwise FALSE
Usage	BOOL bRet = StartWDT()

ResetWDT

Syntax	BOOL ResetWDT(void);
Description	Reset the timeout value to the value given by SetWDT().If ResetWDT() or StopWDT is not invoked before WDT
	countdowns to 0, the WDT expires and the system resets.
Parameter	None
Return Value	Always returns TRUE
Usage	BOOL bRet = ResetWDT()

StopWDT

Syntax	BOOL StopWDT(void);
Description	Stops the countdown of WDT. When WDT has stopped, the WDT LED indicator stops blinking.
Parameter	None
Return Value	Always returns TRUE
Usage	BOOL bRet = StopWDT()